



# swimming

Spanish	natación	(nä tä syōn')
Vietnamese	bơi lội	(bə i lô i)
Hmong	ua luam dej	(ü ä lõ dā)
Cantonese	游水	(you səy)
Korean	수영	(sü yong)
Haitian Creole	natasyon	(nä tä' syōn)
Arabic	سباحة	(sē bah' hhā')
Russian	плавание	(plä' və nyē)
Tagalog	langoy	(lä' ngoi)
Khmer	ហែលទឹក	(häi tuk)

Swimming is a water sport enjoyed in both indoor and outdoor pools. Many people also swim in lakes, rivers, and oceans. Swimming is both a recreational activity and a competitive sport. In a competition, swimmers may compete individually or as a team, depending on the race. Equipment used includes a swimsuit, goggles, and a snug-fitting swim cap. To win a race, competitors must swim the length of the pool a given number of times in the shortest period of time.

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# stop sign

Spanish	señal de alto	(se nyäl' de äi' tō)
Vietnamese	bảng báo dừng lại	(bän bou zun läi)
Hmong	daim paib nres	(däi bi' dā)
Cantonese	停止记号	(ting zhē gā hoi)
Korean	정지 신호	(jong jē shin hō)
Haitian Creole	siy estop	(sēn e' stop)
Arabic	إشارة توقف	(ē shā' rät tä wä' kof)
Russian	стоп сигнал	(stōp sig näl')
Tagalog	stop sign	(ēs tāp sīn)
Khmer	សញ្ញាឃប់	(sänh nhär chuup')

A stop sign is used to control traffic and keep people traveling on the road safely. These signs are usually posted at the ends of roads, where streets intersect. The stop sign is an octagon (an eight-sided shape). The sign is red and white. The color red is often associated with stopping or danger. For example, fire trucks, rescue vehicles, and brake lights on cars are red.

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# hot air balloon

Spanish	globo de aire caliente	(glō' bō de äy' re kã lē en' te)
Vietnamese	khinh khí cầu	(kin khē kou)
Hmong	lub plab npas-loo ya tau	(lū blā bā lūn yā tou)
Cantonese	热气球	(yēt hā kou)
Korean	열기구	(yul gē gū)
Haitian Creole	balon ak van cho	(bã' lô äk va shô)
Arabic	منطاد	(min ttäd')
Russian	воздушный шар	(vôz dūsh' niy shār)
Tagalog	lobong sinasakyan	(lô' bōng sē nã' sãk yãn)
Khmer	ពាហន់ខ្យល់	(bã lōng kyäl)

A hot air balloon is a vehicle used mainly for sightseeing and recreational purposes. A giant balloon constructed of nylon or polyester is attached with cords to a large, sturdy wicker or aluminum basket. The balloonist, or pilot, heats the air in the balloon with a burner that uses propane for fuel. The balloon rises because the warm air (in the bag) is lighter than the air surrounding the bag. To land, the pilot burns less fuel, and the balloon descends as the air in the balloon cools.

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# panda

Spanish	oso panda	(ō'sō pãn'dã)
Vietnamese	con gấu mèo	(kon gâu mel)
Hmong	dais suav	(dī shū ä')
Cantonese	熊貓	(hung mou)
Korean	팬더	(pen dã)
Haitian Creole	panda	(pãn'dã)
Arabic	باندا	(bãn'dã)
Russian	панда	(pãn'dã)
Tagalog	panda	(pãn dã)
Khmer	ពាន់ ជ	(pãn'dã)

Pandas are mammals found in the mountain forests of central and western China. There are only two species of pandas, and they look very different. The smaller of the two is the red panda, which looks something like a raccoon and is about the same size. The giant panda is black and white and weighs about 230 pounds. Both kinds of pandas eat mainly bamboo shoots but will also eat fruits, insects, rodents, and grasses. Except for a brief breeding period, pandas live solitary lives. A panda's life span is between 14 and 20 years.



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