

# Cartesian Graphs and Polar Graphs

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**Description:** Students compare rectangular graphs and polar graphs for functions in the form  $y = a \sin(bx)$  and  $r = a \sin(b\theta)$ . They find connections between the two types of graphing when they analyze how the period and amplitude of a Cartesian graph correlate with features of the corresponding polar graph. They make predictions as to how changing  $a$  and  $b$  will affect the polar graph and then check their predictions.

**Technology Strength:** By having the polar graph and the cartesian graph of a function side-by-side and a pointer that shows the plotted point for a particular value in both systems, students can explore and compare plotting functions in both coordinate systems and make connections between the two types of graphing.

**Objectives:** Explore and compare various functions plotted in both rectangular coordinates and polar coordinate; use an understanding of Cartesian graphing to better understand polar graphing

**Prerequisites:** Familiarity with the graphs of sinusoids, and specifically with the concepts of period and amplitude

**Suggested Grade Level:** 11 to 12

**Sketchpad Level:** Beginning

**Suggested Duration:** 20 minutes

**Suggested Classroom Setting:** Whole Class, Student Pairs. This activity, designed for use by student pairs, can be easily modified for whole-class use.

**Preparation:** Review the Activity Notes. Preview the student sketch. Work through the steps on the worksheet and make a copy of the worksheet for each student.

**Materials:** None

**Student Worksheet(s):** Cartesian Graphs and Polar Graphs

**Student Sketch:** Cartesian Polar.gsp

**Presentation Sketch:** None

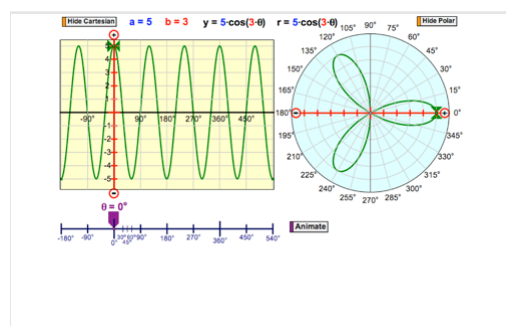
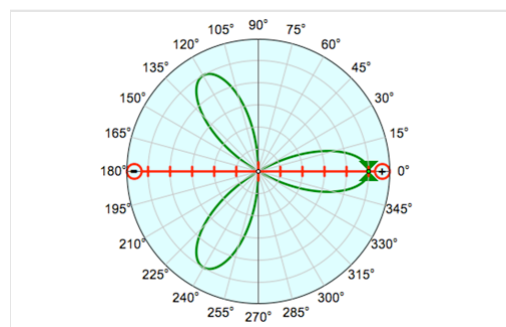
**Vocabulary:** Cartesian plane, polar plane

**Sketchpad Version:** GSP5

## Using the Sketch:

On page 1 of this sketch, students compare rectangular graphs and polar graphs for functions in the form  $y = a\sin(bx)$  and  $r = a\sin(b\theta)$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are parameters and the independent variables ( $x$  and  $\theta$ ) are controlled by a single slider. The coordinate systems are side-by-side and the point corresponding to the current value of  $\theta$  (or  $x$ ) is plotted and marked on both systems with a red bar for the independent variable and a green bowtie for the dependent variable. Students find connections between the two types of graphing by adjusting the value for  $\theta$  and comparing the locations of the red bar and bowtie for the two graphs. They then make predictions as to how editing the parameters  $a$  and  $b$  will affect the polar graph and then check their predictions.

In the Explore More section, students use page 2 of the sketch to investigate the polar graph of  $r = 2\sec(\theta)$  and on page 3, students are challenged to use the parameters  $a$  and  $b$  and make up their own functions and try them out in both systems.



## Sketch Tips:

Sketch Tips show skills needed in this activity, and the step at which the skill is first used.

Sketch Tip	Tip Sheet or Tip Video
Step 2: Change the value of a number (parameter)	Changing Parameters
Question 10: Edit a function by double-clicking with the <b>Arrow</b> tool	Creating and Editing Functions
Question 10: Click a value in the sketch to enter it into the Calculator	Using the Calculator