

Ravenscourt Books Readability and Decodability

	The Unexpected	Overcoming Adversity	Reaching Goals
For students who have completed	<i>Corrective Reading Decoding B1*</i>	<i>Corrective Reading Decoding B2*</i>	<i>Corrective Reading Decoding C*</i> lesson 60
Reading Level	2	3	5
Decodability	> 97%	> 95%	> 95%

**Or have attained comparable skills*

This chart outlines the basic readability and decodability of the three collections of **Ravenscourt Books**. The following text and chart explain in greater detail

- how readability was calculated.
- how readability formulas differ.
- how decodability was figured.

The readability of **Ravenscourt Books** was calculated using a computer program to analyze the books in each level. The text for each book was entered into the computer and was analyzed using several readability formulas. Each readability formula has particular characteristics and uses.

Readability Formulas

The **Expanded Readability and Decodability Chart** lists two readability scores for each book. The formulas chosen were the most appropriate for that level. The gray rows at the bottom of each section give the ranges and averages for each set of books.

The **Fry Graph** is a very popular readability formula. The Fry scores for all three sets have been calculated. Fry is an appropriate formula for upper elementary to college-level texts and nonfiction. It is not as reliable for fiction.

The Fry score is a correlation of the average number of sentences per 100 words with the number of syllables for the same passage.

For **The Unexpected**, the **Spache** formula was also used to calculate readability. Spache is most appropriate for primary level; that is, early elementary to fourth grade. Spache has its own word list, which means that some decodable but uncommon words would be counted as difficult or unfamiliar. These words are counted only once.

For **Overcoming Adversity**, in addition to the Fry, the score for the **Flesch-Kincaid** was also provided. This formula is most appropriate for upper elementary and secondary. The score is figured by calculating the average number of syllables per word and the average sentence length. It does not compare vocabulary to a set list.

For **Reaching Goals**, the second score was a **Dale-Chall**. Like the Spache, it has its own word list and compares the words in the story to the list of words to determine difficulty. It also factors the total number of words and sentences. Unlike the Spache, it is geared to upper elementary and secondary reading levels.

Expanded Readability and Decodability Chart

Ravenscourt Collection	Readability Formulas		Decodability	Word Count
The Unexpected For students who have completed <i>Decoding B1 of Corrective Reading</i>	Fry	Spache		
<i>Making Gold</i>	.8	1.8	99%	1747
<i>Born Dead</i>	3.1	1.9	97%	1798
<i>The Navel of the World</i>	4.1	2.1	97%	1859
<i>The Mountain Is On Fire!</i>	1.4	1.9	97%	1631
<i>Atlantis: Land of Mystery</i>	2.5	1.9	98%	1704
<i>The Ransom of Red Chief Retold</i>	.7	2.0	99%	1865
<i>The Legend of Sleepy Hollow Retold</i>	1.7	2.0	98%	1780
<i>King Midas and the Golden Touch</i>	1.1	1.8	99%	1929
Ranges for The Unexpected	.7–4.1	1.8–2.1	97–99%	1631–1929
Averages for The Unexpected	1.9	1.9	98%	1789
Overcoming Adversity For students who have completed <i>Decoding B2 of Corrective Reading</i>	Fry	Flesch-Kincaid		
<i>The Last Boat</i>	1.6	1.9	96%	3943
<i>No Need to Shout</i>	3.1	2.7	97%	4792
<i>Playing Through Pain: The Story of Roberto Clemente</i>	3.9	4.0	97%	4005
<i>Once There Were Two</i>	4.6	3.9	96%	4260
<i>Walls of Water</i>	3.1	3.0	96%	3934
<i>Robinson Crusoe's Adventures</i>	3.3	2.5	98%	4641
<i>The Trojan War</i>	4.0	3.3	97%	4585
<i>Monte Cristo's Prison Years</i>	1.8	2.0	95%	5070
Ranges for Overcoming Adversity	1.6–4.6	1.9–4.0	95–98%	3934–5070
Averages for Overcoming Adversity	3.2	2.9	97%	4404
Reaching Goals For students who have completed Lesson 60 of <i>Decoding C of Corrective Reading</i>	Fry	Dale-Chall		
<i>Joanie's Fire</i>	4.2	4.8	99%	8112
<i>On Time in Orange</i>	4.3	5.0	98%	8113
<i>Race to the North Pole</i>	4.3	4.9	99%	8580
<i>Beyond the Waves and the Wind</i>	6.1	5.4	96%	8181
<i>The Story of the Time Machine</i>	4.4	4.9	98%	7817
<i>The Call of the Wild Retold</i>	2.9	5.1	97%	7697
<i>20,000 Leagues Under the Sea Retold</i>	4.6	5.1	96%	7790
<i>The Labors of Hercules</i>	4.8	5.0	99%	8011
Ranges for Reaching Goals	2.9–6.1	4.8–5.4	96–99%	7697–8580
Averages for Reaching Goals	4.5	5.0	98%	8038

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Decodability

The **Expanded Readability and Decodability Chart** gives a decodability percentage. This number describes the percentage of words students should be able to read based on pretaught words and decoding rules. A high percentage shows a high correlation between students' decoding ability and the text.

What is decodable text?

Decodable text is composed of words that students can identify on the basis of phonemic elements that have been taught and on previously introduced sight words.

What was the basis for calculating the decodability of **Renscourt Books**?

Word lists were created for each level. The lists include:

- 1) the vocabulary and decoding patterns taught in the previous levels of **Corrective Reading Decoding**
- 2) words from the Dolch lists that are known by the students

How was decodability figured for **Renscourt Books**?

- The word list for each level was saved to a computer program.
- The text of a book was loaded into the same program.
- The computer compared the text to the list and made a list of the "nondecodable words."
- The program compared the total number of words in the text to the total number of times nondecodable words were used.

The **Word Lists** in the **Teacher's Guides** are made up of these "unfamiliar" words, some of which are proper nouns. To ensure student success, we recommend teachers preteach the **Word Lists** before the students read each chapter, even though the decodability level of a book is very high.