## the RESEARCH for

## Dolch Beginning and Remedial Reading

SRA's *Dolch Beginning and Remedial Reading* program builds important reading skills for beginning, remedial, at-risk, and ESL students. Using a set of 95 common nouns and 220 basic sight vocabulary words, the program builds a foundation for students to achieve proficiency.

The National Reading Panel research fully supports the fundamental concepts and instructional design of *Dolch Beginning and Remedial Reading*. The report was published in December, 2000 by The National Institute of Child Health and Human Development NIH Pub. No. 00-4754.

## Fluency

This report includes research documentation that supports the fluency practice found in *Dolch Beginning and Remedial Reading*. Examples of cited research include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Allington, R. L. (1983). Fluency: The neglected reading goal in reading instruction. <u>The Reading Teacher</u>, 36, 556–561.
- Buswell, G. T. (1922). <u>Fundamental reading habits: A study of their development</u>. Supplementary Educational Monographs, No. 21. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
- Schreiber, P. A. (1980). On the acquisition of reading fluency. <u>Journal of Reading Behavior</u>, 12, 177–186.

## Comprehension

This report includes research documentation that supports the comprehension skills practice found in *Dolch Beginning and Remedial Reading*. Examples of cited research include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Durkin, D. (1993). <u>Teaching them to read (6th ed.)</u>. Boston, MA: Allyn & Bacon.
- Mier, M. (1984). Comprehension monitoring in the elementary classroom. <u>Reading Teacher</u>, 37(8), 770-774.
- Pressley, M. (1998). <u>Reading instruction that works: The case for balanced teaching</u>. NY: The Guilford Press.



