

## SOCIAL STUDIES

OUR COMMUNITY AND BEYOND







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#### **PROGRAM AUTHORS**

#### James A. Banks, Ph.D.

Kerry and Linda Killinger Endowed Chair in Diversity Studies and Director, Center for Multicultural Education University of Washington Seattle, Washington

#### Kevin P. Colleary, Ed.D.

Curriculum and Teaching Department Graduate School of Education Fordham University New York, New York

#### Linda Greenow, Ph.D.

Associate Professor and Chair Department of Geography State University of New York at New Paltz New Paltz, New York

#### Walter C. Parker, Ph.D.

Professor of Social Studies Education, Adjunct Professor of Political Science University of Washington Seattle, Washington

#### Emily M. Schell, Ed.D.

Visiting Professor, Teacher Education San Diego State University San Diego, California

#### **Dinah Zike**

Educational Consultant Dinah-Might Adventures, L.P. San Antonio, Texas

#### **CONTRIBUTING AUTHORS**

#### James M. Denham, Ph.D.

Professor of History and Director, Lawton M. Chiles, Jr., Center for Florida History Florida Southern College Lakeland, Florida

#### M.C. Bob Leonard, Ph.D.

Professor, Hillsborough Community College

Director, Florida History Internet Center Ybor City, Florida

#### Jay McTighe

Educational Author and Consultant McTighe and Associates Consulting Columbia, Maryland

#### **Timothy Shanahan, Ph.D.**

Professor of Urban Education & Director, Center for Literacy College of Education University of Illinois at Chicago

#### **ACADEMIC CONSULTANTS**

#### **Tom Daccord**

Educational Technology Specialist Co-Director, EdTechTeacher Boston, Massachusetts

#### Joe Follman

Service Learning Specialist Director, Florida Learn & Serve

#### Cathryn Berger Kaye, M.A.

Service Learning Specialist Author, The Complete Guide to Service Learning

#### **Justin Reich**

Educational Technology Specialist Co-Director, EdTechTeacher Boston, Massachusetts



## People and Traditions

BIG IDEA People and events shape history.

#### My Book

### My Computer

Go online and find a video about American holidays.

## Where We Live

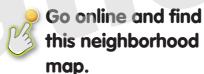
BIG IDEA Location affects how people live.

M	y	Bo	0	k
		_	_	

Show As You Go!52Reading Skill: Use Visuals and Text.54Words to Know FOLDABLES Activity56Primary Sources: Letters59Lesson 1 Map Elements60Lesson 2 Maps and Globes64Lesson 3 Where We Live70Unit Wrap Up76Big Idea Project77

My Computer





### Keep going!

Next, we'll explore economics!

## Beginning Economics

BIG IDEA ... Economics affects choices.

#### My Book

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### My Computer



Go online and find a video about goods and services.



## Good Citizens

**BIG IDEA** People's actions affect others.

## My Book Show As You Go! . . . . . Reading Skill: Identify Author's Reasons .108 Words to Know FOLDABLES Activity . . . . . 110 **Primary Sources: Video and** Lesson 2 People and Authority ......122 Lesson 3 Good Citizens Help . . . . . . . . . . . . 128

My Computer

Go online and find a video about rules in a community.

#### Keep going!

Next, we'll explore skills and maps.



## Our Past

**BIG IDEA** Native Americans Lived in Virginia

#### My book

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My computer

Go online to f nd out more about life in the past in Virginia.

## VIRGINIA UNIT Present

**BIG IDEA** Virginia Geography and Leaders

#### My book

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My computer

Go online to f nd out more about life in present day Virginia.



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### My Computer



Go online to learn more about pictures from long ago.



National Archives and

## Explore! Skills and Maps

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#### **My Computer**



Go online to explore this interactive map.



Reference Section

# UNIT

## Beginning Economics



**Economics affects choices.** 

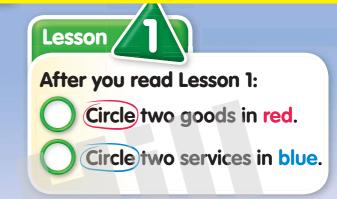


You already know what it means to make choices. But do you know what we call making choices about money? The study of making choices about money is called economics. In this unit, you will learn all about economics and how it affects the choices you make.

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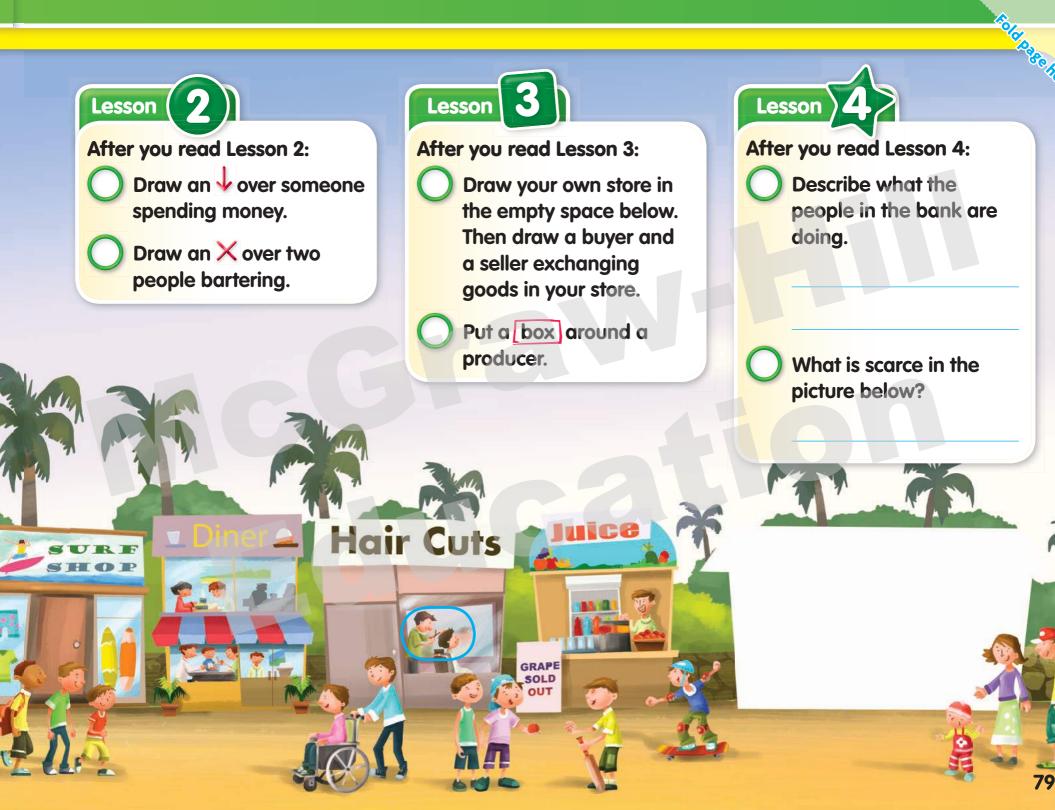
- Skill Builders
- Vocabulary Flashcards

After you read each lesson in this unit, use the pictures and the activities to practice what you are learning!





networks



### Main Topic and Details

Every story that you read has a main topic. The main topic tells what the story is about. Every story also has details. Details give more information. Finding the main topic and details will help you understand what you read.





#### To find the main topic and details:

- 1. Read the story below.
- 2. Decide what the story is about. This is the main topic.
- 3. Look for details. They tell you more about the main topic.

My family and I had fun on our trip to the planetarium. We saw big models of planets there. We even met a scientist! I bought a toy rocket to take home with me. I liked our trip to the planetarium.

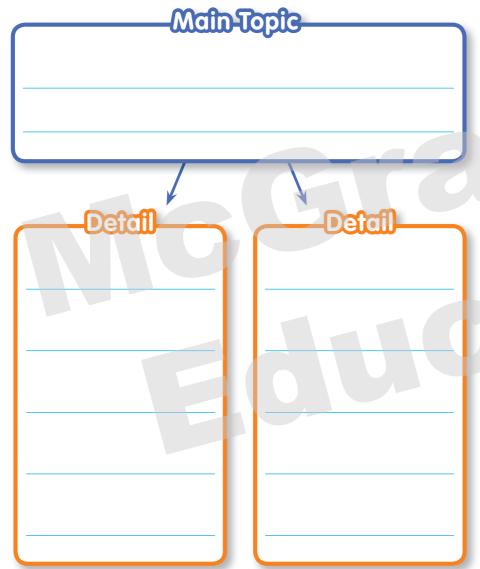
This is the main topic.

This is a detail. Find two more details in the story and underline them.

Paul S. Howell/Getty Image



Write the main topic and details from the story on page 80 in the chart below.





Read the story below. Circle the main topic. Underline the details.

On our trip we went to Myrtle Beach.
We swam in the warm Atlantic
Ocean. We made a big sand castle.
We also went for a long walk and
looked for seashells in the sand. I
hope we go back to the beach soon!



omstock/PunchSto

## Words to Know Foldables

The list below shows some important words you will learn in this unit. Their definitions can be found on the next page. Read the words.

goods

services

barter

producers

buyers

scarce

The Foldable on the next page will help you learn these important words. Follow the steps below to make your Foldable. After you finish these steps, use the words from the list to fill in your Foldable.

Step 1



Cut along the dotted blue lines.

Step 2



Fold along the dotted orange lines.

Step 3



Trace the words and read their definitions.

Step 4



Complete the activities.



John and Tom
bartered. John gave
Tom a baseball.
Tom gave John a



#### Circle the goods below.

- broom
- cheese
- student
- teacher
- pear
- TV

Fold Here

**Barter** means to give something and to get something else in return.

**Goods** are things people grow or make to sell.

A **service** is work done to help others.

Draw a service worker below.

-Do not fold

Do not fold

**Scarcity** is when there is not enough of something.

A **buyer** is a person who buys goods.

A **producer** is a person who makes or grows goods to sell.

... Fold Here

Jill does not have enough money. What is scarce for Jill?

Write a sentence about a time when you were a buyer.

Circle the producer.





00|Al08

spoop

DOLLOL

······ Fold Here ···

FOLDABLES®

Educa

······ Fold Here

Jeonpoid

Jeáng

0011008

## **Primary Sources**

Pictures are one type of primary source. A picture can be a photograph or a drawing. Pictures from long ago can show us what life was like in the past. We can learn about how people lived and what kind of jobs they did long ago. Look at this photograph. It is from the past. How can you tell that the photograph is from long ago?





What does the picture on this page show?



What other kinds of work might people do?

## **Goods and Services**



**Essential Question** 

Why are goods and services important?

What do you think?



Find and circle these words:

goods services

\*provide

Find 2 more new words:

### What are goods?

Goods are things people make or grow to sell. Toys and clothes are goods that are made. Corn, strawberries, and beans are goods that are grown. Look around your classroom. What goods do you see?



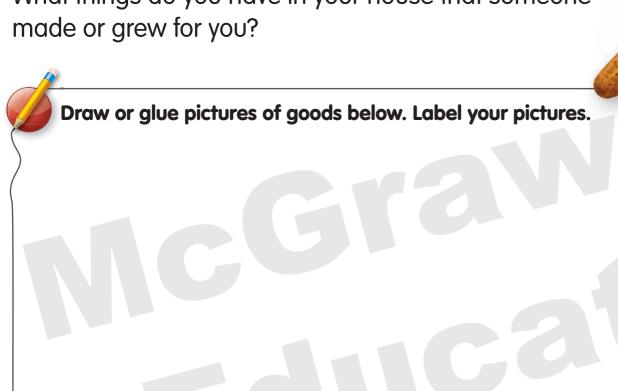
What do you know about goods?





People make or grow goods to sell.

What are some things your family makes or grows? What things do you have in your house that someone made or grew for you?



School workers, such as custodians, are service workers. They are paid for the services they do. They sweep the floors and clean the tables. Firefighters and police officers are also service workers. They risk their lives to keep us safe.



Draw or glue pictures of service workers below. Label your pictures.



What service do these firefighters provide?

Some businesses, like gas stations, **provide** both goods and services. A gas station sells goods like gas, oil, and maps. The station also provides a service when it sells its goods.

List other goods and services a gas station might provide.

Think of another business that provides both goods and services. Then fill in the chart with the goods and services it provides.

Name of Business:

Goods	Services





Essential Question Why are goods and services important?

Go back to *Show As You Go!* on pages 78–79.



There's More Online!

Games Assessment



## **Barter and Money**



Why do we need money?

What do you think?

### Word Hunt

Find and circle these words:

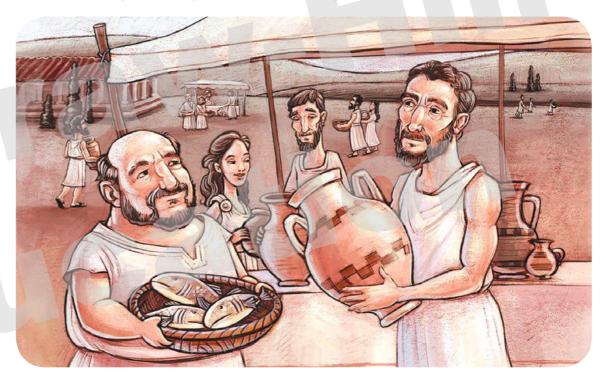
barter money

\*exchange

Find 2 more new words:

#### Barter, Barter, Barter

Long ago, people would **barter**, or trade, for things they needed or wanted. To barter means to give something and get something else in return.

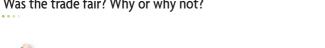


What are the people in this picture bartering with?

People would use things like beads, shells, or gold to barter. Through bartering, people got things that they would not have had otherwise.

#### THINK · PAIR · SHARE

Think of a time you traded something with someone. Was the trade fair? Why or why not?











### Money, Money, Money

Ana and Sally have **money**. Money is something we use, or **exchange**, to buy goods and services. Money can be paper bills or coins.

Ana and Sally want to go shopping with their money. Where can they buy a doll? What two goods are Ana and Sally looking at?

Draw what Ana and Sally did to earn their money.



Which one costs less money? Circle it!



#### What are Ana and Sally doing?

At last! Ana and Sally can enjoy their new doll!

#### What is the man doing?



## **Reading Skill**

Sequence Place the images below in the order they should happen. Put a number 1, 2, or 3 next to each picture.







### **Barter and Money**

People still barter today. You might barter with your friends for goods and services. For example, you might exchange a blue bracelet for a purple one your friend has.

Today, most people use money because it is easy to carry around. Use the pictures to the right to complete the activity below.

Place a circle around the things that are easy to carry around.

Place a box around the things that are hard to carry around.

How are bartering and using money the same?

How are they different?





Design your own money! Draw a picture of what your money would look like.

Lesson 2

?

**Essential Question Why do we need money?** 

Go back to *Show As You Go!* on pages 78–79.



There's More Online!

Games Assessment

## Producers, Sellers, and Buyers



Why do we need producers, sellers, and buyers?

What do you think?

## Word Hunt

Find and circle these words:

producers sellers buyers

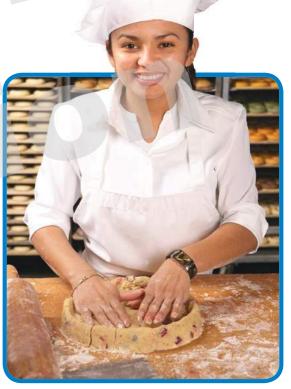
Find 2 more new words:

## How goods and services get to us

Have you ever made or grown a good or service? If so, you are a producer! People who make or grow goods or provide services are called **producers**.



Providing a service



**Producing a good** 

networks

There's More Online!
Content Library 
Videos

People who sell goods or services are known as **sellers**. Workers at a store who sell you a skateboard are sellers.

People use money to buy goods and services. That makes them **buyers**. You buy a skateboard with your money.



Circle the buyer and place a box around the seller in the picture below.



## Reading Skill

Main Topic and Details Fill in the chart below to show what you have learned about how we get goods and services.

## Main Topis

how we get goods and services

Detail-

Detail

Detail-

## Reading Skill

Cause and Effect Fill in the missing text below by answering the question: How do buyers help producers?

Cause

Producers have goods to sell.

ffect

### **Working Together**

Producers, sellers, and buyers all work together to meet people's needs and wants. Producers make or grow goods to sell to buyers. Then they use the money they earn to buy more goods or services.

The pictures below are out of order. Label each photo with a number 1, 2, 3, or 4 to show the correct order.









ngram Publishing

Draw an example of a producer, a seller, or a buyer. Explain what your image shows on the lines.



Is this boy a producer, seller, or buyer?

Lesson





**Essential Question Why do we need producers,** sellers, and buyers?

Go back to *Show As You Go!* on pages 78–79.



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## **Making Choices**



Why do we make choices?

What do you think?

### Word Hunt

Find and circle these words:

\*choice scarce spend save

opportunity cost

Find 2 more new words:

### **Scarcity and Choice**

Imagine you want to play soccer and softball. But they are both played on the same day, at the same time. You have to make a **choice**.



Draw a box around the activity you would choose below.



People do not have the time or money for everything they want. People have to choose what they will do and what they will buy.

People also have to make choices when their resources are **scarce**. When there is not enough of something, we say that it is scarce. Time, money, goods, or services are all resources. Scarcity leads to people having to make more choices.

People may choose to pay more for a scarce item, or they can shop somewhere else. Some people may decide to buy something different or nothing at all.

Look at the picture on the right. Milk is scarce for this man. He needs to make a choice. He can choose to go to the store to buy more milk. He can choose to eat his cereal without milk, or he can eat something else for breakfast.

THINK · PAIR · SHARE

What do you think the man should do?



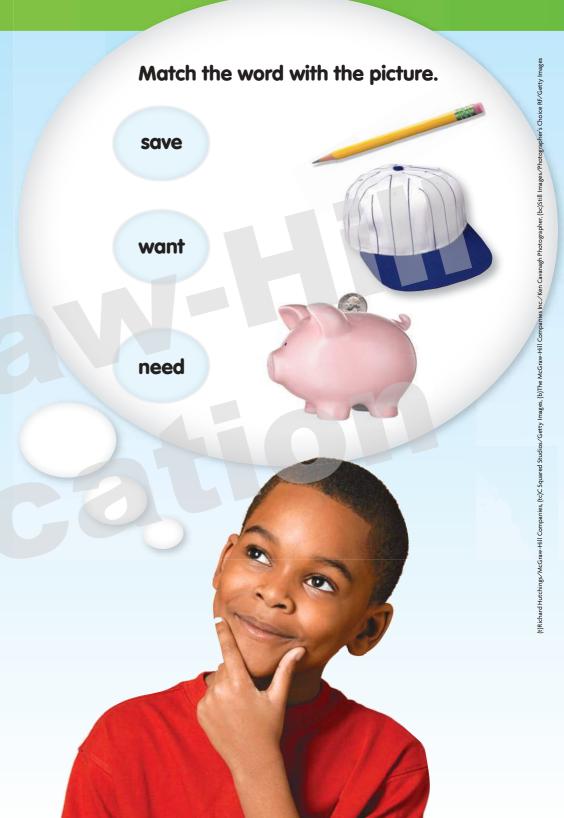
What resource is scarce for this man?

### What to choose?

Remember, we have to make choices about time, money, and goods. David makes choices about how to **spend** his money. When he spends his money, he uses it to buy something.

First, David should spend his money on the things he needs, like pencils for school. Then, David can use the rest of his money to buy the things he wants. David wants a new baseball hat.

David may choose to **save** his money instead of buying a baseball hat. To save means to keep your money to spend later. David could save his money in his piggy bank over time. Then he would be able to buy something that costs more!



Time can also be scarce. Imagine that you have a lot of homework to do. You also want to watch your favorite TV show. You will have to choose between doing your homework and watching TV.

You choose to do your homework. Your homework needs to be turned in to your teacher tomorrow. You have to give up watching TV. The thing people give up to do something else is called the **opportunity cost**.







Go back to *Show As You Go!* on pages 78–79.



# 3 Wrap Up

What do we study to learn about how people use money, goods, and services? To find the answer, fill in each blank inside the piggy bank. Then write the letters from the boxes on the numbered blank boxes below. Number 1 has been done for you.

# Word Bank

service good money cost buyers

- People use 6 4 to buy goods and services.
- > A hamburger is an example of a \_\_\_
- We use money to buy goods and services.

That makes us \_\_\_\_\_\_

- If you buy a movie ticket instead of a book, the book is your opportunity
- > Sweeping the floor is an example of a

9 7 8



## **Big Idea Project**

Welcome all producers! You are going to create a poster ad for a new good for your classroom store. Read the list below to see what you should include on your poster.

As you work, check off each task as you complete it.

My poster ad...

Yes it does!

1. has a picture of a good.



2. includes a sentence describing the good.

V.	1	

3. shows creativity and color.





# Think About the Big Idea

**BIG IDEA**Economics affects choices. In your own words, explain the Big Idea on the lines below.

#### Use these clues to guess the American leader.

Led the American army against England
Became the first president of the United States
Is known as the "Father of our Country"

#### Who am I?

Write a thank you letter to this American leader. You can thank him for what he did.

Dear,

Thanks you for

From,

Marissa lives in a community in Richmond, Virginia. A community is where people live, work, and have fun together. Richmond is the capital of Virginia. A capital is where state leaders work.

**Answer the questions.** 

Where does Marissa live?

What is a community?

What is the capital of Virginia?

# SAMPLE Picture Glossary



\*activity An activity is something we do for fun.

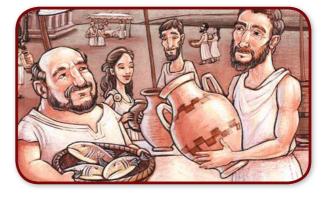


\*affect Affect means to make something happen.

**authority** Authority means to have the power to make decisions.



**barter** Barter means to give something and get something else in return.



# **SAMPLE**

# Index

This index lists many topics you can find in your book. It tells the page numbers on which they are found. If you see the letter *m* before a page number, you will find a map on that page.



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### Grade 1

-				
Ski				
1.1 The student will demonstrate skills for				
economic decision making, a				
a) using artifacts and primary and secondary	Unit 1, Primary Sources			
sources to develop an understanding of Virginia	Unit 2, Primary Sources			
history;	Unit 3, Primary Sources			
	Unit 4, Primary Sources			
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4			
b) using basic map skills to support an	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1			
understanding of Virginia history;	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4			
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 1			
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2			
c) using and creating graphs, diagrams, and	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1			
pictures to determine characteristics of people,	VA Unit 1, Lesson 2			
places, or events to support an understanding of	VA Unit 1, Lesson 3			
Virginia history;	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4			
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 1			
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2			
d) asking appropriate questions to solve a	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1			
problem;	VA Unit 1, Lesson 2			
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 3			
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4			
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 1			
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2			
e) comparing and contrasting people, places, or	Unit 1, Reading Skill			
events in Virginia history;	Unit 1, Lesson 1			
	Unit 1, Lesson 2			
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1			
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 2			
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 3			
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4			
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 1			
	III is a I			
f) recognizing direct cause-and-effect	Unit 3, Lesson 3			
relationships;				

g) making connections between past and present;	Unit 1, Lesson 1 VA Unit 1, Lesson 1 VA Unit 1, Lesson 2 VA Unit 1, Lesson 3 VA Unit 1, Lesson 4 VA Unit 2, Lesson 1 VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
h) using a decision-making model to make informed decisions;	Unit 4, Lesson 2
i) practicing good citizenship skills and respect for rules and laws while collaborating, compromising, and participating in classroom activities; and	VA Unit 1, Lesson 2 VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
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	Covered throughout the entirety of the course
Hist	forv
1.2 The student will demonstrate knowledge	
events and people in the history	
a) the settlement of Virginia at Jamestown;	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 1
b) famous Virginians, such as George Washington and Thomas Jefferson, who helped form a new nation; and	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
c) life in Virginia today, including food,	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
clothing, shelter, transportation, and recreation.	VA Unit 1, Lesson 2
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 3
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 1
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
1.3 The student will describe the stories of inf	fluential people in the history of Virginia and

their contributions to our Con	nmonwealth, with emphasis on
a) Powhatan;	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 2
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 3
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4
b) Pocahontas;	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 2
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 3
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4
c) Christopher Newport;	
d) Maggie L. Walker; and	
e) Arthur R. Ashe, Jr.	
	nle aggaziated with major halidaya inal-di-a
	ple associated with major holidays, including
a) George Washington Day (Presidents' Day);	Unit 1, Lesson 2
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
b) Independence Day (Fourth of July); and	Unit 1, Lesson 1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Unit 1, Lesson 2
	C.M. 1, 243301 2
c) Martin Luther King, Jr., Day.	Unit 1, Lesson 1
	Unit 1, Lesson 2
Geog	 raphy
	develop map skills by
a) recognizing basic map symbols, including	Unit 2, Opener
references to land, water, cities, and roads;	Unit 2, Lesson 1
references to fand, water, effes, and foads,	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
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	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
b) using cardinal directions on maps;	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
8	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4
c) identifying the shapes of the United States	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
and Virginia on maps and globes;	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4
and virginia on maps and gloves,	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4 VA Unit 2, Lesson 1
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
d) locating Washington, D.C., the capital of the	VA Unit 2, Lesson 1
United States, and Richmond, the capital of	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
States, and Internitoria, the capital of	

	<u>,                                      </u>
Virginia, on a United States map; and	
e) constructing simple maps, including a title,	Unit 2, Opener
map legend, and compass rose.	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
1.6 The student will develop a	 geographic understanding that
a) the location of Virginia determines its	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
climate and results in four distinct seasons; and	VA CIIII 1, ECSSOII 1
cimate and results in four distinct seasons, and	
b) the landforms of Virginia affect the places	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
people live.	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4
people live.	VA Unit 2, Lesson 1
	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
	VII Ont 2, Lesson 2
Econo	omics
1.7 The student will explain the difference	Unit 3, Lesson 1
between goods and services and describe	Unit 3, Lesson 2
how people are consumers and producers of	,
goods and services.	
1.8 The student will explain that people	Unit 3, Lesson 4
make choices because they cannot have	
everything they want	
1.9 The student will recognize that people	Unit 3, Wrap Up
save money for the future to purchase goods	Unit 4, Lessons 1-3
and services.	
Civ	
1.10 The student will apply t	
a) focusing on fair pay, exhibiting good	Unit 4, Lesson 1
sportsmanship, helping others, and treating others with respect;	
•	Unit 4. Laggar 1
b) recognizing the purpose of rules and practicing self-control;	Unit 4, Lesson 1
practicing sen-control;	
c) working hard in school;	Unit 4, Lesson 1
c, working hard in school,	Ont 7, L03011 1
d) and taking responsibility for one's own	Unit 4, Lesson 1
actions.	Unit 4, Lesson 2
	,
e) valuing honesty and truthfulness in oneself	Unit 1, Lesson 3

and others; and	
f) participating in classroom decision making	Unit 4, Lesson 4
through voting.	
1.11 The student will recognize the symbols	Unit 4, Lesson 4
and traditional practices that honor and	
foster patriotism in the United States by	
demonstrating respect for the American flag	
by learning about the Pledge of Allegiance.	
b) describing why people have symbols and	Unit 4, Lesson 4
traditions.	
	ls and traditional practices that honor the
Commonwealth	n of Virginia by
a) identifying the Virginia flag, state capitol	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
building, state bird, and state flower; and	
1.13 The student will understa	and that the people of Virginia
a) have state and local government officials	VA Unit 2, Lesson 2
who are elected by voters; and	
b) make contributions to their communities.	Unit 4, Lesson 3
c) include people who have diverse ethnic	VA Unit 1, Lesson 1
origins, customs, and traditions and are united	VA Unit 1, Lesson 2
as Americans by common principles.	VA Unit 1, Lesson 3
	VA Unit 1, Lesson 4



# SOCIAL STUDIES

OUR COMMUNITY AND BEYOND

