

au i

EETIN

INITE COMMENTS

10

Program Overview

Grades 6–8

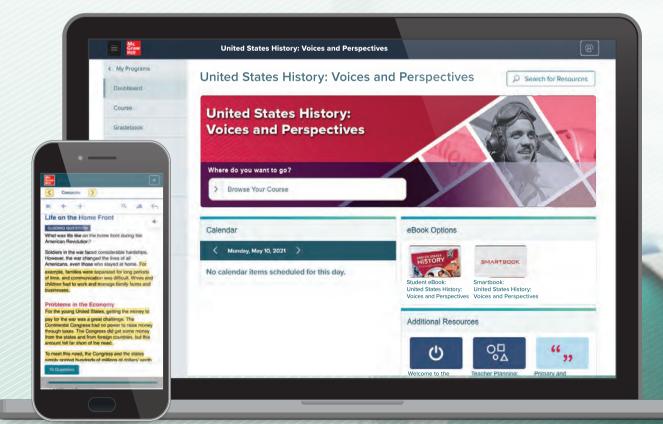
NUMBER

WORLD HISTORY UNITED STATES HISTORY

Voices and Perspectives

Welcome to McGraw Hill Social Studies





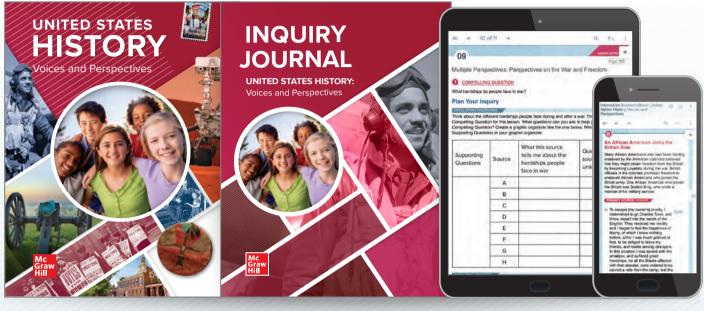
Inspire a Student, Change the World

Empower students to make vital connections between the past and present with a flexible curriculum that facilitates choice and remains current with regular content updates. Inspire students to experience history through multiple lenses and inquiry as they learn to practice civil discourse on their way to becoming future-ready citizens.



Create Dynamic Teaching and Learning Experiences

Choose between a variety of learning resources as well as four different lesson types to engage your students in thought-provoking and personalized learning opportunities.



Student Edition Four different lesson types organized by modules, designed to make history relevant and engage every student. **Inquiry Journal** Interactive worktext designed around new Compelling Questions and additional primary and secondary sources. **Interactive eBook** Designed to match the print content with robust digital tools to enhance learning.



SmartBook[®] Built for adaptive personalized learning to empower students to focus on key concepts and achieve mastery through practice and study.

Living Library[™] Ever-expanding library of resources updated regularly.



Flexibility and customizable options allow you to use all the lessons in a topic or pick and choose the ones you'd like for your classroom.

Introduction Lesson

Engage students by activating prior knowledge about place and time to establish a foundation for learning and inquiry with clear learning objectives for the topic.

Learn the Events Lessons

Students dig in on key historical concepts, ideas, people, and events with an emphasis on cause-and-effect relationship, explanation, and continuity and change in history.

Inquiry Activity Lessons

Using Compelling Questions and inquiry, students develop their own questions, analyze primary and secondary sources, draw conclusions and communicate about them, and have opportunity to translate what they've learned into informed action.

Review and Apply Lesson

Students review and apply what they have learned about the topic through activities such as Making Connections to Today, Understanding Multiple Perspectives, and Writing and Reasoning Activities.

Spark Curiosity and Set the Course for Learning

Students engage with the topic, activate their prior knowledge, look ahead to what they will learn, and begin to consider the Compelling Questions.



mheonline.com/ss-sample

Go online or use your Teacher Edition to explore more teaching strategies and resources for the Introduction Lesson.

Engage

 Videos, Interactive Maps, Slideshows, and Timelines

Enrich

- Hands-On Topic Project Worksheets
- Active Classroom Activity

Looking Ahead

In this topic, you will learn how disagreements over Britain's colonial policies led to war and eventual independence for the American colonies.

What Will You Learn?

In these lessons about the American Revolution, you will learn:

- the course and results of the French and Indian War.
- the colonial reactions to British economic and political policies following the French and
- Indian War. • the causes of the American Revolution.
- the meaning and significance of the Declaration of Independence.
- the major events and battles of the American Revolution.
- the roles of significant individuals during the American Revolution.
- the provisions of the Treaty of Paris.

COMPELLING QUESTIONS IN INQUIRY ACTIVITY LESSONS

- How important is it to have a voice in government?
- · What hardships do people face in war?

≡ e lipfti →

Understanding the Time and Place: North America, 1587–1754

Although several European nations had claims in North America, it was the British who eventually dominated the eastern part of the continent. By the mid-1700s, British colonies stretched for hundreds of miles along the Atlantic Coast.

The Earliest Settlements

The earliest English colonies were founded at Roanoke Island, off the coast of North Carolina, in 1587, and at Jamestown, in Virginia, in 1607. The colony at Roanoke did not succeed, but the Jamestown colony did. Jamestown was settled on behalf of the Virginia Company, which was searching for gold and other resources. Early hardships, including starvation and disease, nearly doomed the colony, but the aid of local Native Americans helped the colonists survive. Eventually, as the colonists learned to plant and raise tobacco, Jamestown began to grow and thrive. The settlers' desire for new lands, however, soon led to warfare with the region's Native Americans.

Religious Freedom in New England

The next group of English settlers to come to America was not searching for gold and riches. Fleeing religious persecution in England, the Pilgrims came to Massachusetts in 1620 to practice their religion freely. Much like in Virginia, Native American aid helped the settlers survive their early days, although conflict between the newcomers and Native Americans quickly developed.

Select each icon for more information.

KEY EVENTS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

1750 🔘

780 🗘

1754 The French and Indian War begins

1760 0 1763 France cedes Canada to Britain in the Treaty of Paris

N

1765 Parliament passes the Stamp Ac angering American colonists

1770 O 1770 Five American colonists are killed in the Boston Massacre

> 1774 The First Continental Congress meets in Philadelphia

1775 American colonists and British troops exchange gunfire at the Battles of Lexington and Concord

1776 The Declaration of Independence is approved

1777 The American victory at the Battle of Saratoga is a turning point in the Revolution

1781 British General Cornwallis is forced to surrender at the Battle of Yorktown

 1783 The Treaty of Paris recognizes

 790 O
 American independence

Sequencing Time Was the Declaration of Independence approved before or after the Battles of Lexington and Concord were fought?

Differentiate

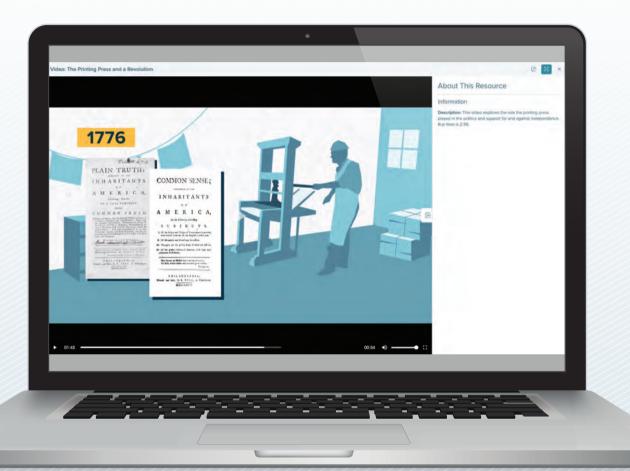
- Reading Essentials
- SmartBook
- Spanish Student Edition
- Strategies for Differentiation

Assess

- Preassessment
- Review and Apply

Make History Relevant for Every Student

Bring the past to life and help make connections to today through Guiding Questions, lesson activities, and engaging interactives.



mheonline.com/ss-sample

Go online or use your Teacher Edition to explore more teaching strategies and resources for the Learn the Events Lessons.

Engage

- Maps, Timelines, Charts, and Graphs
- Social and Emotional Learning

Enrich

- Hands-On Topic Project Worksheets and Rubrics
- Biography
- Global Connections
- Culturally Responsive Connections
- Analyzing Supreme Court Cases (US History)



Differentiate

- Reading and Writing Essentials
- Guided Reading Activity
- History & Economics Activity
- History & Civics Activity
- History & Geography Activity

Assess

- Check for Understanding
- Lesson Activities
- Review and Apply Activity
- Self-Check Quiz
- Lesson Quiz

Explore History Through the Lens of Those Who Lived It

With a focus on primary and secondary sources, students will gather evidence, draw conclusions, communicate understanding, and take informed action. There are up to three Inquiry Activity Lessons in every topic covering a wide range of voices and perspectives, provided by excerpts from interviews, magazine articles, poems, song lyrics, photographs, and much more.



mheonline.com/ss-sample

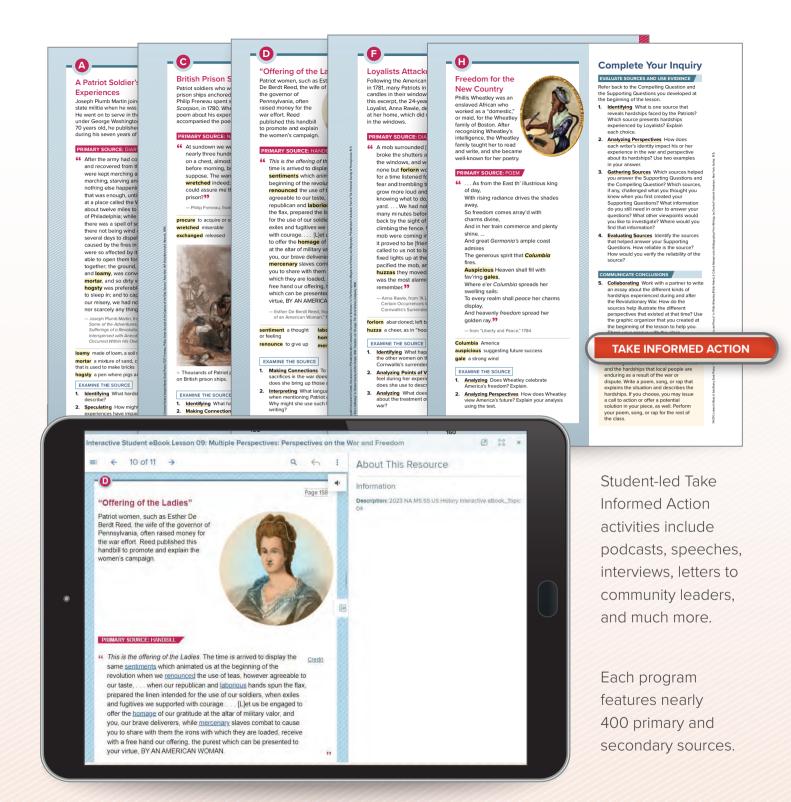
Go online or use your Teacher Edition to explore more teaching strategies and resources for the Inquiry Activity Lessons.

Engage

- Compelling Question
- Interactive Images

Enrich

- Making Connections to Today
- Culturally Responsive Connections
- Social and Emotional Learning
- Additional Digital Source (Online Only)
- Culturally Responsive Connections



Differentiate

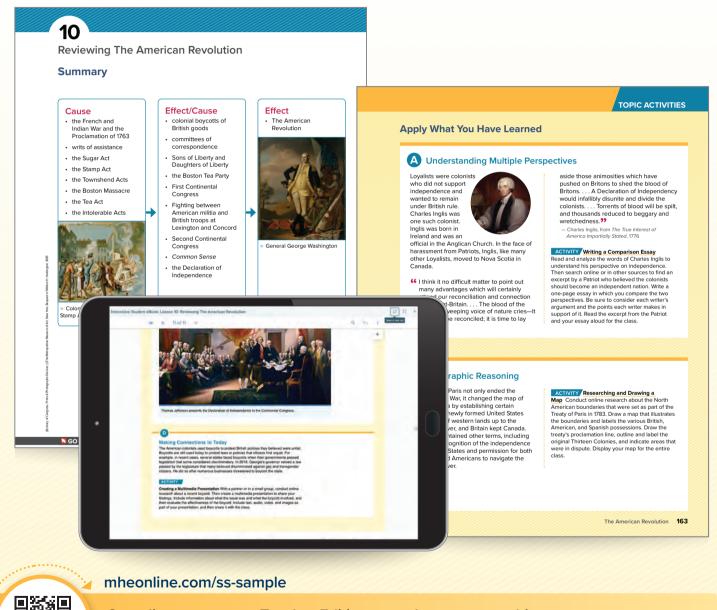
- English Learners Scaffold
- Reading and Writing Essentials
- Special Needs Strategies and Activities
- SmartBook
- Spanish Student Edition

Assess

- Examine the Source
- Take Informed Action
- Lesson Quiz

Empower the Next Generation of Informed, Active Citizens

Choose from a variety of activities that allow students to review and apply their learning.



Go online or use your Teacher Edition to explore more teaching strategies and resources for the Review and Apply Lesson.

Engage

Interactive Charts and Graphs

Enrich

- Making Connections to Today
- Digital Option Activities
- Social and Emotional Learning



Differentiate

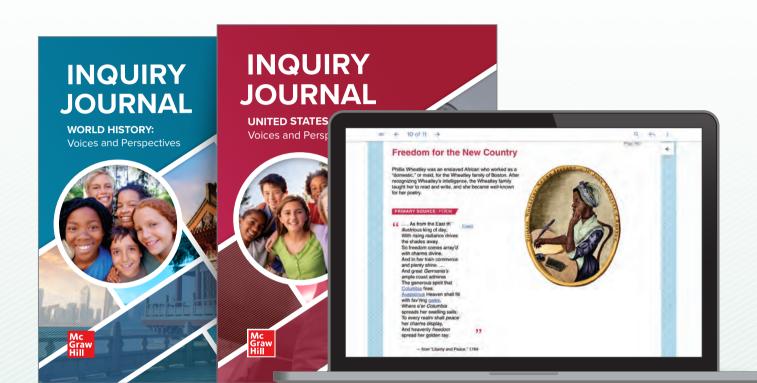
- Differentiation for Each Topic Activity
- Reteaching Activity
 Reading and Writing Essentials
 SmartBook
- Spanish Student Edition

Assess

- Topic Activities
- Topic Tests

Advance Learning Through Inquiry

For the teacher who never has enough sources or is all in on inquiry, the Inquiry Journal is designed to extend the inquiry process and delves deeper with a new Compelling Question and a diverse range of additional primary and secondary sources.



09

INQUIRY ACTIVITY

Multiple Perspectives: Perspectives on the War and Freedom

COMPELLING QUESTION

What hardships do people face in war?

Plan Your Inquiry

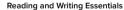
Think about the different hardships people face during and after a war. Then read the Compelling Question for this lesson. What questions can you ask to help you answer this Compelling Question? Create a graphic organizer like the one below. Write these Supporting Questions in your graphic organizer.

Supporting Questions	Source	What this source tells me about the hardships people face in war	Questions the source leaves unanswered
	А		
	в		
	с		
	D		
	E		
	F		

Background Information

The American Revolution affected the peo living in the colonies in many different way depending on their beliefs, gender, and ra Soldiers, especially those who became pris faced extreme hardships. Women on the h front endured their own set of challenges. throughout the conflict, Loyalists in the colwere harassed and faced difficult decision their futures.

These primary sources reflect various perspectives: soldiers, women, African Americans, and colonists who remained lo Britain. What kinds of hardships did these face during and after the Revolutionary Wa



TOPIC 4 • THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Lesson 9 | Multiple Perspectives: Perspectives on the War and Freedom

Date _____

___ Class

COMPELLING QUESTION

What hardships do people face in war?

Background Information

The American Revolution affected the people living in the colonies in many different ways. How they were affected depended on their beliefs, gender, and race. Soldiers, especially those who became prisoners, faced extreme hardships. Women on the home front endured their own set of challenges. And, throughout the conflict, Loyalists in the colonies were harassed and faced difficult decisions about their futures.

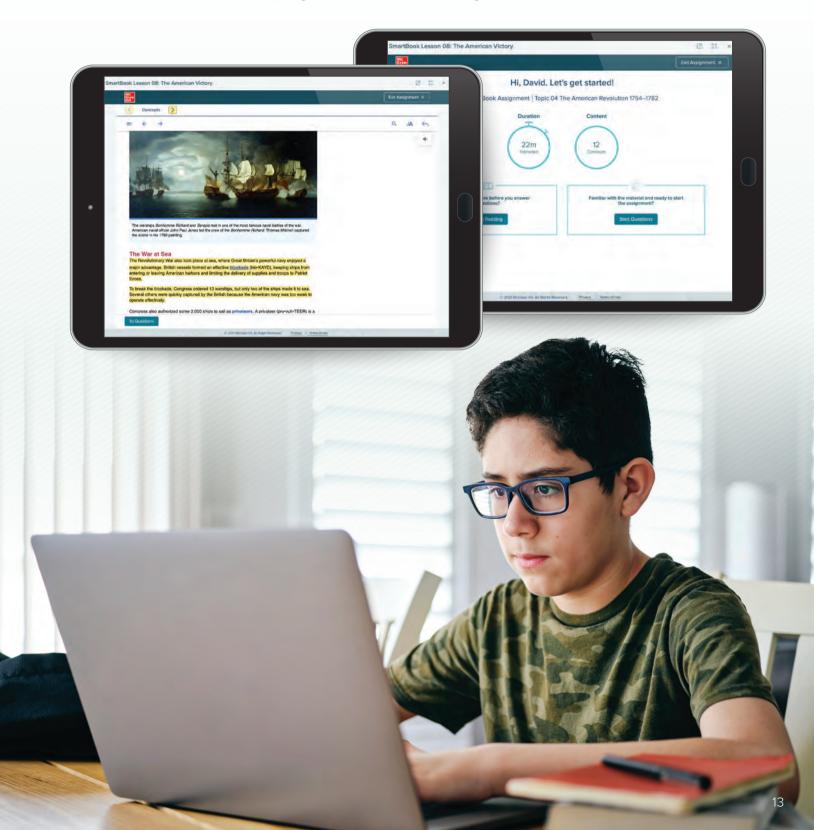
These primary sources reflect various perspectives: soldiers, women, African Americans, and colonists who remained loyal to Britain. What kinds of hardships did these groups face during and after the Revolutionary War?

Plan Your Inquiry

Step 1 Think about the different hardships people face during and after a war. Then read the Compelling Question for this lesson. Now, what questions can you ask to help you answer this Compelling Question? These would be your Supporting Questions to this inquiry. Write your Supporting Questions in the graphic organizer below.

Personalize Learning for Every Student

SmartBook delivers personalized, adaptive learning tailored to each student's individual needs by pinpointing knowledge gaps and focusing instruction on the concepts that require additional study. Teachers can assign a specific chapter, topic, or concept and access advanced reporting features that track individual and class progress with actionable insights to inform in-class instruction.



Fuel Engagement With a Curriculum That Grows Over Time

Experience a platform that puts resources at your fingertips, including new content added regularly with the Living Library, By the Way (BTW) current events, and Election Central.



The Living Library provides an everexpanding library of regularly updated resources.

BTW provides current events articles for students to engage with history as it's happening.

Videos enhance core content and bring history to life with compelling stories, stunning graphics, historical photographs, and archival footage.

The ReadAnywhere app provides access to the Student eBook on any mobile device.



Interactive maps include dynamic tools, embedded media, and additional data sources. Select from different basemaps, draw, measure between two points, or print a hard copy of the map. Interactive Reference Atlas Maps include different basemaps and data sets so that students can explore the places they study.



DATE

History and Civics Activity

The Sul, Tang, and Song Dynasties

The Civil Service

The Civil service. The Han Engine was the first dynasty to use examinations to choose people for the civil service—the administrative service of a government. Before then, many government workers got their jobs because of who their families were on how well connected they were in society. The use of civil service exams dedined after the fail of the Han Engine, but their use was brought back into favor by Tang and Song nites. As a result, the central government was none again filled with isamed, competient employees. However, only a few people could afterd lafer to hop them propers for exams.) After a while, these civil service employees became a class of their own. the scholar-tideling. This are discas, considered to exiscuate to be completed, had an enotimous influence on the progress of Chinese government that has lasted even into recent history.

If took much longer for other regions of the world to approach civil service in the same way as the Chinese. Still, over time, many European countries adopted competitive civil service examinations, requiring exame as well as certain levels of aducation or experience for many positions. It took the United States until the late 18006 to regulate list civil service in a similar way. This finally happened as a result of widespread disgoal on the part of the American people with patronage—the practice of the political party that is currently holding office giving its supporters jobs of government. (This is also known as the "spole system...] In 1835, togelation created a new merit selection system. This is a way of choosing people for government jobs based on how well they perform or competitive servers and medi to experiment. itive exams and meet job require

When the ment selection system weni into effect, only about ten percent of tederal employees fell under its umbrelia. However, as time passed, more and more government jobs were placed under the system. Today, the vast majority of the more than two million federal employees are covered by it. Additionally, civil service jobs are now further supported by related agencies. These special offices help employees voice work-related complaints, ensure they are paid the correct level of salary, and offer other services.

Civics Terms

the practice of the political party currently elected to office giving supporters jobs in governme tection system a way si choosing oversite for government letter based on hew well they perform

Digital worksheets provide additional support and extend learning with:

- Hands-On Topic Projects.
- Reading and Writing Essentials.
- Activities in Guided Reading, Reteaching, Review and Apply, Video Response, History & Geography, History & Civics, and History & Economics.

Plan Your Way

Explore teaching resources that offer flexibility as you choose the lesson type and activities that meet your classroom needs. Topics for professional learning videos include educational equity and culturally responsive pedagogy, inquiry, and much more.

LESSON 02 • LEARN THE EVENTS PLANNER The Sui, Tang, and Song Dynasties

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Knowledge:

- · the unification of China under the Sui dynasty
- · the restoration of a strong central government and opposition to Buddhism by Tang rulers
- · economic prosperity and cultural achievements in China under the Song dynasty
- · how Tang and Song rulers used Confucianism and civil service examinations to strengthen government

CUSTOMIZABLE LESSON OPTIONS

Create your lesson plan by choosing digital learning and Student Edition-based activity options for each part of the teaching cycle.

✓ 45-minute lesson plan example

Title	Skill	Pacing	Grouping
ENGAGE p. 463			
Describing the Origin of the Sui Dynasty	R	5 min	Whole Class
TEACH pp. 463–468			
Evaluating Yangdi's Rule	н	15 min	Whole Class
GOONLINE Guided Reading Activity AL Use the worksheet to help students develop critical reading skills as they read the lesson.		20 min	Individual
Interpreting Data on a Map of the Tang Dynasty		5 min	Whole Class
Making Connections to Today, Analyzing Continuity in Chinese Infrastructure		30 min	Small Group
Digital Option: Making a Documentary		45 min	Small Group
 English Learners Scaffold Reading a Text Closely to Pronounce Unfamiliar and Foreign Words 		30 min	Individual
Role Playing the Part of a Chinese Emperor	SL	45 min	Small Group
Narrative Writing About Chinese History	w	20 min	Individual
Differentiate the Activity Gathering Evidence About Chinese History		30 min	Individual
Using Maps to Analyze Why the Chinese Moved Their Capital	G	10 min	Whole Class
Special Needs Strategy: Autism Spectrum			
Summarizing the Role of Buddhism in Tang China	R	25 min	Whole Class
Active Classroom Activity Readings in Buddhism and Confucianism		45 min	Whole Class

Skills

- · explain how China rebuilt its empire after years of wars
- · provide reasons why Buddhism became popular in Tang China
- · identify how Confucian ideas shaped China's government
- · analyze how civil service examinations affected Chinese society

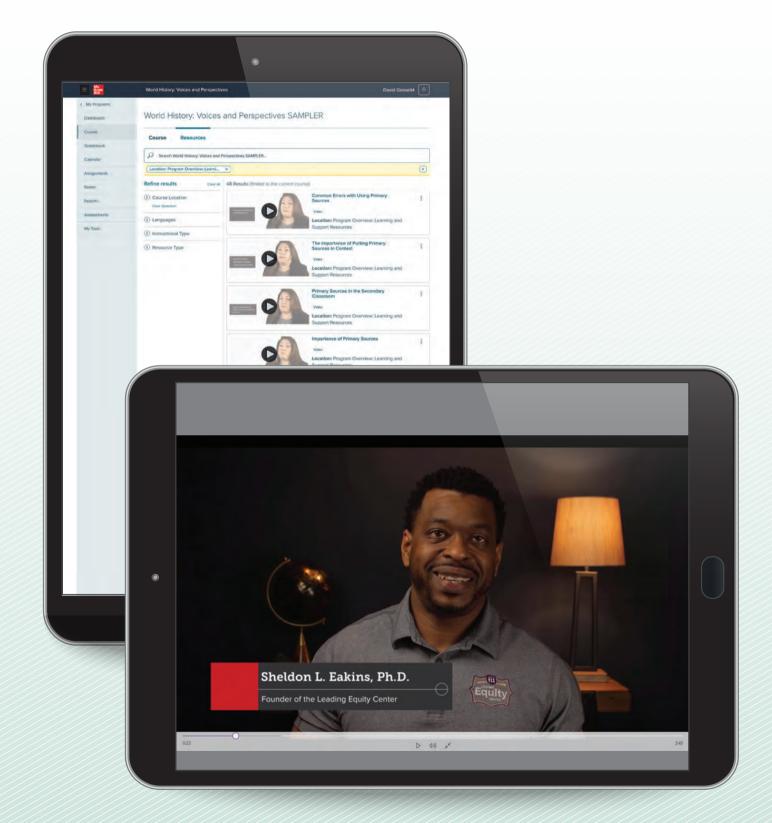
KEY: C Civics R Reading E Economics SL Speaking and G Geography Listening H Historical Thinking W Writing	Α		ching Level Language
Title	Skill	Pacing	Grouping
TEACH continued			
Social and Emotional Learning: Relationship Skills , Listening to Others		20 min	Whole Class
Making Inferences and Finding Context	н	10 min	Whole Class
Differentiate the Activity_ Understanding Neo-Confucianism		15 min	Small Group
Culturally Responsive Connections		15 min	Whole Class
GO ONLINE History and Civics Activity The Civil Service AL		20 min	Individual
Making Connections to Today Civil Service Examinations		10 min	Whole Class
REVIEW p. 468			
Explanatory Writing About the Sui, Tang, and Song Dynasties	w	25 min	Individual
KGOONLINE Review and Apply Activity Use the worksheet to help students summarize lesson content.		20 min	Individual
SOONLINE Reading and Writing Essentials AL ELL Use the worksheet to help struggling and English learners understand lesson content.		20 min	Individual
ASSESS p. 468			
☐ © GOONLINE Lesson 2 Quiz Assign the printed or digital Lesson Quizzes to assess student progress.		15 min	Individual
Exit Slip Activity		2 min	Individual

DIFFERENTIATION Organize the lesson resources to differentiate your instruction.

For Remediation and Intervention For English Language Learners For Students With Special Needs

For Enrichment

Discover professional development resources at point of use. Contact your sales representative to learn more about customizing professional development for your school or district.



06

Teach Your Way

Support every student with additional strategies for you to choose from. Look for labels in the Teacher Edition such as differentiated instruction, multiple strategies to support social and emotional learning, culturally responsive connections, and many more.

Culturally Responsive Connections in the Teacher Edition provide support for creating a culturally responsive climate in your classroom.

The Continental Army

The Continental Army After the Deckaristion of Independence, the Continental Congress served as the eational government. However, the Congress lacked the power to raise money through taxes. Delegates led by James Madison of Viriginia called for a stronger national government to bind the colonies together, believing that winning independence was possible only under a strong national government.

Not every American agreed. They placed great value on liberty and personal freedom. Af rejecting the rule of the British Parliament, they dom, After réjecting the rule of the British Parliament, they were unwilling to transfer power to their own Continental Congress. As a result, the American Revolution was in some ways 13 separate wars, with each state fighting for its own interests. This made it hard for the Congress to get soldiers and raise money.

raise money. Local millia made up a key part of the Patriol forces. These troops were limited, however, as many were fammers who needed to provide for their families and did not want to leave their facilities unattended. The Patriots also needed well-trained soldiers who could fight the Prinsh throughout the colonies. To meet this need, the Congress established the Continental Army, which depended on the states to recruit (reexRCOT) soldiers.

tree+KROOT) soldiers. At first, soldiers signed up for just one yeat, but General Washington saked for longer terms. 'If we hope for success,' he said, 'we must have men enlisted for the whole term of the war.' Eventually, the Continental Congress invited soldiers to sign up for three years or until the war ended. Most soldiers, however, still signed up for only one year.

The Continental Army also had a hard time finding officers—qualified military commanders. Some were young men who were recruited from the ranks. The best officers had experience from the ranks. previous, or earlier, wars.

previous, or éarlier, wan, Man dad al the fighting-with a few exceptions. For example, Margaret Contin of Pennsylvania went with her husband when he joined the Continental Army, After he died in battle, she took is place. Mary, Ludwig Hays McCauley joined her husband in battle as well. The soldiers called her

transfer to move recruit to enlist in the military "Moll of the Pincher," or "Molly Pincher," because she carried water pinchers to the soldiers. Legend has it she also took part in combat. On February 21.1822, Pennsylvania recognized Molly Pincher's service by granting her an annual payment of \$40, Deborah Sampson of Massachusetts took a different route to the battlefield. She joined as a soldier by disguising herself as a man.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Summarizing What advantages did the British have as the Revolutionary War began?

Analyzing Points of View Explain why some American colonists did not support a strong national government and how that belief affected the course of the war.



a cubing hargs may a followed her husband to in lefield when he went off to war. She earne nickname, Molly Pitcher, by carrying pitche are to weary troops. According to legend won fame for helping her husband fire a er to weary troops. Accord on fame for helping her h in during the Battle of Mo

The American Revolution 141

ANSWERS

✓ CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

- 1. The British had the world's strongest navy, a well-trained army, greater wealth, a much larger population, and some local support from Loyalists.
- 2. Some colonists valued freedom and liberty above all else and were concerned that transferring greater power to the Continental Congress might enable a central government to become too powerful and controlling, thus endangering personal freedom; they wanted decentralized power that would remain with the individual states.

READING SKILLS

Describing the Continental Army Ask students to read closely the section titled "The Continental Army." Draw a web graphic organizer on the board and write "Continental Army" in the large center circle. Ask volunteers for facts from the text about the Continental Army. As students offer facts, write them in their own medium-sized circles or in smaller circles that extend off the medium-sized ones. Encourage students to identify which kind of circle their fact should be placed into. When the web is completed, students can use it to review key facts about the Continental Army. WHOLE CLASS 15 MIN

ECONOMICS SKILLS

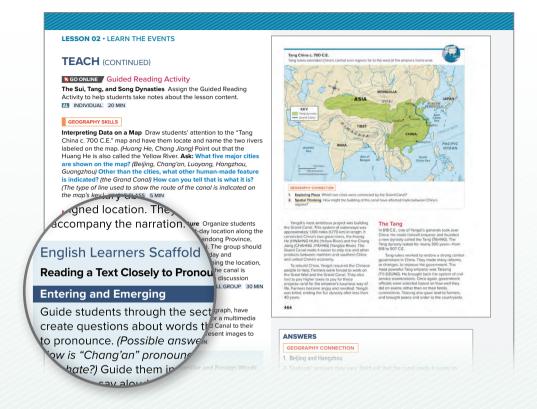
Economic Decision Making About Farming During the Revolutionary War Organize students into pairs and ask them to consider the perspective of a Patriot farmer who supports the war effort but also needs to maintain the family farm and ensure that crops are grown and harvested. Have partners discuss with one another whether they, as farmers, should join a local militia to fight for a cause they believe in or whether they should stay home and focus on raising their crops. Encourage students to think of alternative solutions that could encompass ways farmers could maintain their yield yet still serve the Patriot cause. SMALL GROUP 15 MIN

Culturally Responsive Connections

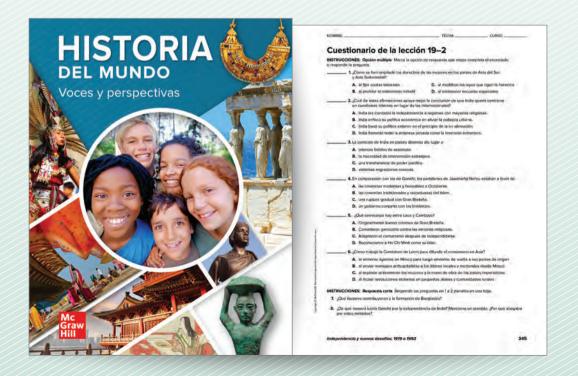
Women Progressing in the Military A woman participating in combat in the American Revolution, as Molly Pitcher did, was a rarity because technically only men were allowed to serve as soldiers. Since the American Revolution, women have served in some capacity during all major American conflicts. Women in the different branches of the armed services faced restrictions and discrimination from men as well as women for challenging the traditional role of women. Nonetheless, women persevered in their desire to serve their country. Jobs in different career fields in the military gradually opened for women over the years. In 1976, women were admitted to the service academies, such as the U.S. Air Force Academy and the U.S. Military Academy, for the first time. This act of Congress also acknowledged women as part of the regular military instead of serving in the auxiliary. Women flew combat missions beginning in 1991. Beginning in January 2016, women could apply to serve in any combat or non-combat position. Qualified women, for example, may serve in the Special Forces and in reconnaissance roles. Questions to Consider: What qualities do you think it takes to overcome obstacles? If you were told that you could not do something, how would you respond? WHOLE GROUP 15 MIN

Background Information

The History of the Draft Today's military is made up of volunteers, but historically the United States used a military draft in many wars, including the War of 1812, the Civil War, the two World Wars, the Korean War, and the Vietnam War. Anti-draft protests were common during the Vietnam War, and in 1973 the draft ended, establishing an The Teacher Edition offers a wide variety of differentiation support, including at point-of-use with English language learner scaffolds to make the text accessible to students who are learning English at different levels of proficiency.



Authentically translated Spanish resources are available in print and digital. Digital Spanish resources include: Student eBook, Inquiry Journal, assessments, and closed captioning for videos. Printed Spanish resources include: Student Edition, Inquiry Journal, and Topic Tests and Lesson Quizzes.

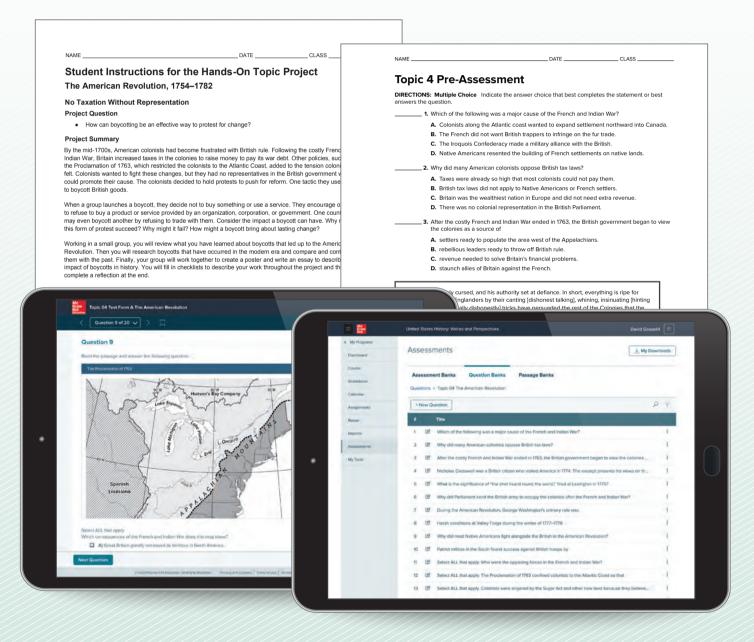


Assess Your Way

Formative and summative assessments help you track progress and address individual student and whole-class needs. Assessment options Include:

- Preassessment
- Student Edition Lesson Activities
- SmartBook Adaptive Learning
- Self-Check Lesson Quizzes

- Lesson Quizzes 2–7
- Topic Tests, Forms A and B
- Hands-On Topic Project



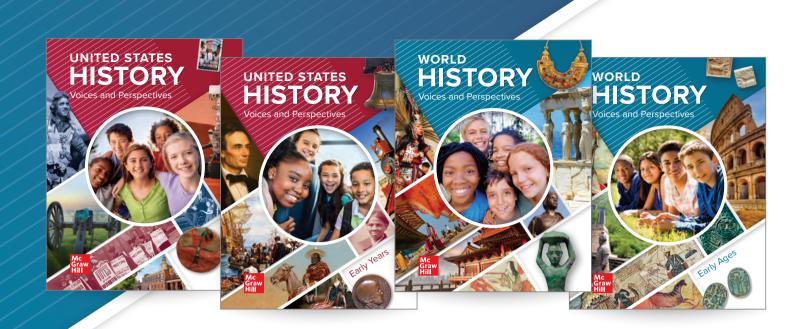
Digital assessments offer automatic grading on multiple choice, true/false, matching, and fill-in-the-blank questions. Digital test banks allow you to select and write new questions to create customized assessment.

We're Your Partner Every Step of the Way

Easily integrate with Schoology[®], Canvas, Clever, Google Classroom, and more. Device-agnostic technology allows students to learn any way they want.

	World History: Volces and Perspectives			David Gossell4
< My Programs Dashboard	World History: Voices and Perspect	tives	p se	earch for Resources
Course Gradebook	World History: Voices and Perspectives			
Assignments	Where do you want to go?	1 Control	and the second	World History Weeks and Perso
Roster	> Browse Your Course			
Reports				World History: Voic Perspectives
Assetsments	Calendar	eBook Options		Where do you want to go?
My Tools	< Friday, July 2, 2021 >			> Browse You'r Counts
	No calendar items scheduled for this day.	Interactive Student eBook: World History Voices and	SmartBook: World History Voices and Perspectives	eBook Options who and Extension States
		Additional Resource	es	-door Weds Heapy Ramy Visco In Vision and Pergediene
		Ċ	00	Incurry Journal World Fristany Wearer and Perspectives
		Getting Started -	Teacher Planning	Prin Additional Resources
		Getting Started - Welcome to the	Teacher Planning	Prin Sec. Additional Resources





Inspire a Student, Change the World



Go online to learn more, explore resources, and try the digital program. **mheonline.com/ss-sample**

