# **Print Teacher Edition**

# **Flexibility and Customizable Options**

The Teacher Edition offers maximum flexibility for your ..... classroom with support for different types of lessons.

- Each Topic begins with an Introduction Lesson and concludes with a Review & Apply Lesson.
- There are a series of Learn the Events Lessons and Inquiry Activity Lessons in each topic.
- Use all of the lessons in a topic or pick and choose the lessons for your classroom.

# **Overview and Lesson Planner Pages**

The Planners provide learning objectives and a snapshot of the variety of activities and resources available to enhance student learning.

### Learning Objectives

Each Lesson Planner begins with Learning Objectives for the knowledge students should attain and the skills they will be able to apply by the end of the lesson.

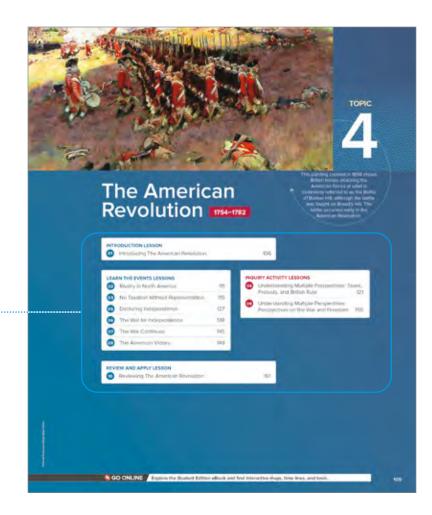
### 45-minute Lesson Plan Example

All Lesson Planners include a 45-minute sample lesson plan. Or if you prefer, make your own lesson plan by selecting from the many other activity and resource options that best suit your classroom's needs.

### Flexible Grouping and Time on Task

Each activity includes a suggestion for how to group students and a suggested amount of time it will take to complete.

HISTORICAL THINKING SKILLS Interpreting Images of War Draw students' attention to the painting of George Washington during the French and Indian War. Have students interpret the image in the context of Washington's eventual position as a Revolutionary War general and first president of the United States. Ask: What aspects of the image make Washington appear to be a strong leader? (Student onswers will very, but many will point to Washington wearing a splendid-looking military uniform and hat, and he is holding a sword that is extended outword. Also, Washington is riding a powerful-looking white horse.) How might an image of Washington made at the time of the French and Indian War be different from the painting, which was made in the 1800s? (Student answers will vary, but some might say that an image of Washington made at a time before he was powerful and famous might not look as heroic, it might more accurately partray him as a colonial military leader who actually had to surrender) WHOLE CLASS 15 MIN .... WHOLE CLASS 15 MIN





# **Print Teacher Edition**

# **Using the Wraparound Resources and Activities**

The entire Student Edition appears in the Teacher Edition. Activities and recommended resources appear in side and bottom margins of the Teacher Edition, at point of use.

### **Social Studies Skills**

Each Lesson includes many different activities and teaching strategies to address Social Studies Skills

- Civics
- Economics
- Geography
- · Historical Thinking Skills



## **Literacy Skills Support**

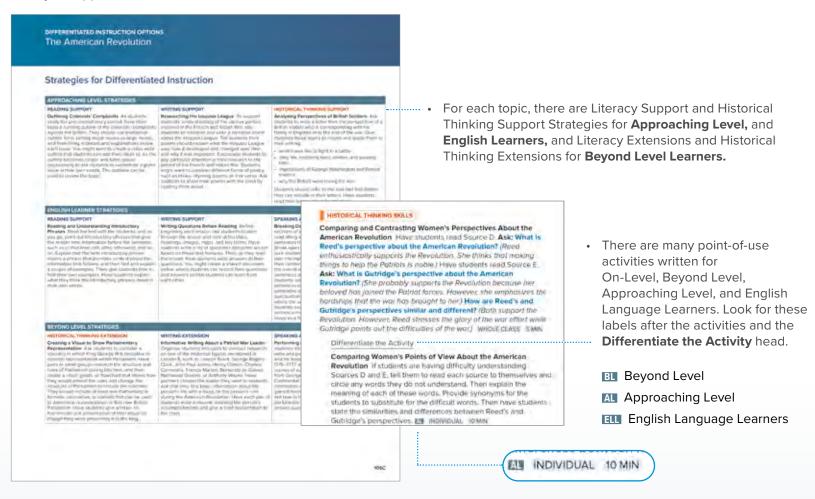
Each lesson includes different activities and strategies to address Literacy Skills.

- Reading
- Speaking and Listening
- Writing



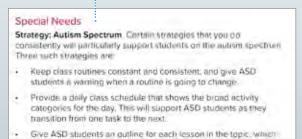
# **Scaffolding and Differentiation**

There are many Differentiated Instruction and Scaffolding options! The Teacher Edition offers a wide variety of support for different learners.





- Additional English Language Learner scaffolds make the text accessible to students who are learning English at different levels of proficiency.
- Additional support is provided for students with Special Needs.



# **Print Teacher Edition**

# **Projects and Collaborative Activities to Engage Your Students!**

The Teacher Edition includes a variety of collaborative activities to engage your students including Active Classroom activities, Projects, Social Emotional Learning activities, Making Connections To Today activities, and Digital Teaching Options.

#### **Active Classroom**

These small-group participatory activities are designed to get students up and out of their seats. Activities include

- · Gallery Walks
- Four Corners
- Panel Discussions
- Fishbowl
- Simulations
- Idea Line Ups
- Debates

### **Project-Based Learning (PBL)**

The Hands-on Topic Project encourages students to work collaboratively and develop communication skills that are used to face real-world challenges and provide opportunities for students to develop SEL Skills.

- · Projects result in the creation of a tangible, public product such as a poster, script, video, podcast, or multimedia presentation.
- Student instructions for the Project include student voice and choice.
- Teacher instructions along with an Observation Checklist to provide guidance on monitoring group work and individual contributions to the final product.
- Use the Project Rubric to assess student learning.
- · Projects are customizable online.

### Active Classroom Activity

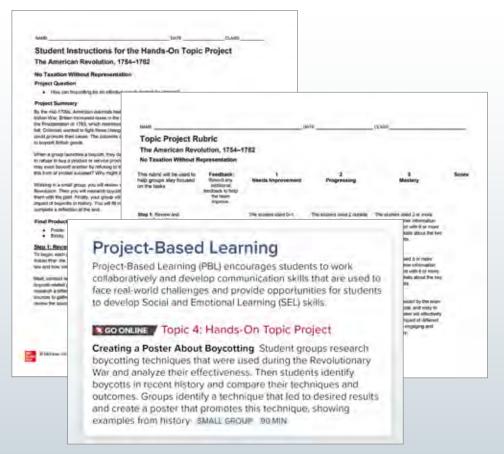
Fishbowl About British Military Strategies Organize students into two circles, an inner circle and an outer circle facing each other. Pose the following question to the students in the inner circle: What was the British blockade, and what was the Patriot strategy for dealing with it? Begin the Fishbowl by having the inner circle of students discuss the question. The students in the outer circle should listen

and take notes. Then, after about five minutes have passed or students seem to have switch places. Give a di did the British decide t Again, provide about fix have finished, come too both questions. WHOLE

### Special Needs

Strategy: Language-Pr approaches to support For example, when you Active Classroom Activity

Debating the Boston Tea Party Ask students to debate the question: Were the protesters who took part in the Boston Tea Party being responsible citizens? Organize the class into two teams, and have teams move to opposite sides of the room. Have one team defend the position that the protesters were being responsible citizens. Tell the other team to oppose this position. Each team should gather evidence that will defend the team's position, discuss this research, and decide on three main points to present. After this, teams should each select three speakers; each speaker will move to the front of the room to argue one point. The affirmative side will start, followed by the negative side. Speakers will then alternate affirmative, negative. After the dehate, ask students follow up questions about their



### Social and Emotional Learning (SEL)

SEL activities build students skills around all five core competencies:

- · self-awareness
- · self-management
- · social awareness
- · relationship skills
- · responsible decision making

### Social and Emotional Learning: Social Awareness

Understanding Different Perspectives Tell students that one of the goals of studying history is to appreciate the perspectives of

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### Social and Emotional Learning: Self-Management

Setting Goals Read the What Will You Learn? topic goals aloud to the class. Then ask students to write down what they already know about these goals and what they need to learn about them. Then have them write two or three personal learning goals for this topic. Suggest the following strategies to help them meet their learning goals:

- · review my notes each night at home
- · ask questions in class when I do not understand something
- pay attention during class and while reading and do not let my mind wander
- · make sure I turn assignments in on time

### **Making Connections to Today**

Make history relevant through connections between the past and the present.

### Making Connections to Today

Boycotts in the Twenty-First Century Review with students that boycotting British goods was a powerful tool used by colonists to protest British taxes that they perceived as unfair. Explain to students that boycotts are still used as a form of protest today. Ask students to work in pairs to research a boycott that has taken place recently in the United States. Have students present their findings in a flowchart that show!

the

### Making Connections to Today

Identifying Modern Causes. Ask students to brainstorm causes that people are willing to protest and fight for in the United States today. Encourage students to share general observations based on the media and their own experiences. Discuss the motivation behind these protests as well as the desired outcome of the protesters. Ask students what factors might drive them to participate in a protest and why. WHOLE CLASS. SMIN



# **Support for All Students**

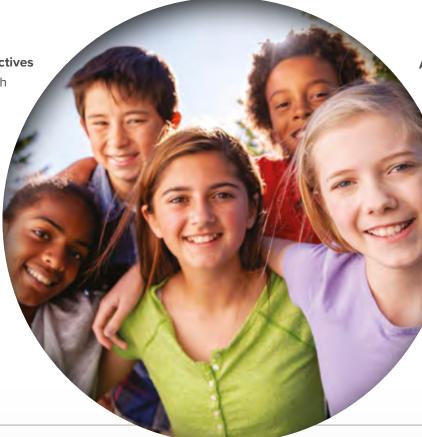
# Student and Teacher Editions, Inquiry Journal, Digital Courseware, and more

### **Diverse and Multiple Perspectives**

- Learn about history through different voices and perspectives.
- Inquiry Activity lessons include multiple and diverse perspectives.

### Support for Academic Achievement for All Students

- Scaffolding and Differentiation
- Social and Emotional Learning support



### **Accessibility of Learning Resources**

 Accessibility of Digital Material ensures that students with disabilities can access the material.

### Students Gain Awareness to Take Informed Action

- Compelling Questions and sources lead to deeper understanding.
- Students encouraged to be civically minded and Take Informed Action.

### **Culturally Responsive Connections**

Culturally Responsive Connections in the Teacher Edition support teachers in creating a classroom that supports all students.

- In each Introduction Lesson, Points to Consider
  encourages teachers to be self-reflective and
  think about how to support students with different
  backgrounds as they learn about history. The Points to
  Consider include an overview of difficult issues in the
  topic, tips for how to support students with concrete
  examples, self-reflection questions, and questions to
  help connect the material to today.
- Learn the Events and Inquiry Activity Lessons include point-of-use background information along with Questions to Consider for discussing different voices and perspectives in history with an emphasis on achievement. There is also additional support for difficult language from history and sensitive photographs and imagery.

### Culturally Responsive Connections

Points to Consider As you plan your instruction for this topic on The American Revolution, think about the students in your classroom and their cultural contexts as well as your own. How might you support your students with different backgrounds and experiences as they learn about the American Revolution? Think about the following points as you create your lesson plans:

- Background of the Founders: The Founders of the United States were all white men. How might students of different backgrounds react to the exclusion of women? How might they react to the exclusion of Native Americans and African Americans?
- Diverse Population During the American Revolution: What populations were living in the colonies at this time? How might they

have experienced the propertied males? Topic to hear the voi played by women, for Native Americans in

### Victory over the Bri war? What perspect from this victory? Di equally? Who did no

- Connecting to Todal
   Students include:
- What societal non the Revolutionary
- 4 What societel non

### Culturally Responsive Connections

Women Progressing in the Military A woman participating in combat in the American Revolution, as Molly Pitcher did, was a rarity because technically only men were allowed to serve as soldiers. Since the American Revolution, women have served in some capacity during all major American conflicts. Women in the different branches of the armed services faced restrictions and discrimination from men as well as women for challenging the traditional role of women. Nonetheless, women persevered in their desire to serve their country. Jobs in different career fields in the military gradually opened for women over the years. In 1976, women were admitted to the service academies, such as the U.S. Air Force Academy and the U.S. Military Academy, for the first time. This act of Congress also acknowledged women as part of the regular military instead of serving in the auxiliary. Women flew combat missions beginning in 1991. Beginning in January 2016, women could apply to serve in any combat or non-combat position. Qualified women, for example, may

# **Instructional Pathway**

McGraw Hill Social Studies provides flexibility and customizable options to support teachers with the way they want to teach and the way students learn. Each topic includes an Introduction Lesson, a series of Learn the Events Lessons and Inquiry Activity Lessons, and a Review & Apply Lesson.

# **INTRODUCTION**

In this lesson type, students engage with the topic, activate their prior knowledge about the place and time,

and establish the learning intentions for the topic.					
ACTIVATE PRIOR KNOWLEDGE	PREVIEW THE LEARNING				
Goal					
Teacher works with students to assess and build upon students' background knowledge for the concepts and skills covered in the topic.	Teacher looks ahead to preview the concepts students will learn about in the topic, introduces the Compelling Questions in the Inquiry Activity lessons, and reviews a timeline of key events.				
Outcomes					
Students activate their background knowledge on the topic and teachers use results from preassessment to plan instruction.	Students know what they will learn about in the topic and begin to think about the Compelling Questions.				
Components					
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	ACTIVATE PRIOR KNOWLEDGE  Goal  Teacher works with students to assess and build upon students' background knowledge for the concepts and skills covered in the topic.  Outcomes  Students activate their background knowledge on the topic and teachers use results from preassessment to plan instruction.				

# **LEARN THE EVENTS**

In this lesson type, students learn about the key historical concepts, ideas, people, and events with an emphasis on cause-and-effect relationships, explanation, and continuity and change in history.

ENGAGE	TEACH	REVIEW	ASSESS		
Goal					
An activity to spark curiosity.	Teacher works with students to assess and build upon students' knowledge of the topic with a variety of instructional strategies.	Teacher facilitates a review of key concepts for students.	Assess student understanding of the learning objectives in the lesson.		
	Outcomes				
Students become engaged with key lesson learning objectives and understand their goals.	Students demonstrate understanding of key learning objectives from the lesson.	Students demonstrate understanding of key lesson concepts through formative assessment.	Students demonstrate understanding of key lesson concepts through summative assessment.		
	Components				
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## **Component Key**



















Inquiry Journal

Teacher Edition

Assessment

SmartBook

Activities

# **Topic Model**

Each topic includes a series of lessons with different teaching and learning options for your classroom.



## **INQUIRY ACTIVITY**

In this lesson type built around student inquiry, students grapple with a compelling question. They develop questions, analyze primary and secondary sources, draw conclusions, communicate those conclusions, and then take informed action. For another inquiry option, assign the Inquiry Journal.

LAUNCHING THE INQUIRY	GUIDING THE INQUIRY	REVIEW	ASSESS		
Goal					
Review Compelling Question and begin inquiry planning.	Review sources to help answer the supporting questions and organize evidence.	Support students as they synthesize their analysis and draw conclusions.	Support students as they communicate conclusions and apply their knowledge to take action.		
Outcomes					
Students become engaged with the Compelling Question and write supporting questions for their inquiry.	Students use critical thinking skills to analyze sources, organize evidence, and begin to answer Supporting and Compelling Questions.	Students synthesize material from multiple primary sources and draw conclusions about the Supporting Questions.	Students apply what they learned in the inquiry process to take informed action.		
Components					
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# **REVIEW & APPLY**

INTRODUCTION

In this lesson type, students review what they have learned about the topic and apply that learning through activities. They are assessed on the topic learning objectives and have opportunities to revisit material.

REVIEW	ASSESS	REMEDIATE				
Goal						
Review of key concepts, knowledge, and skills in the topic.	Assess students' understanding of the learning objectives in the topic.	Revisit missed learning objectives so all students master content and skills.				
	Outcomes					
Students prepare for assessment by reviewing what they have learned.	Students demonstrate understanding of key topic concepts through summative assessment.	Some students learn concepts they did not understand during the initial instruction.				
Components						
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SB		SB				

### **DIFFERENTIATION AND SCAFFOLDING**

# For Remediation and Intervention

- Reading and Writing Essentials
- Review and Apply Activity
- · Guided Reading Activity
- Use the online Approaching Level eBook to help students who are below grade level.
- Differentiate the Activity suggestions

### For English Language Learners

- English Learners Scaffold
- Reading and Writing Essentials

### For Students With Special Needs

- Special Needs Scaffold
- Audio read in the Student Edition eBook
- Closed Captioning for Videos in English and Spanish

### For Enrichment

- Hands-on Topic Project
- Differentiate the Activity suggestions
- History and Geography Activity
- History and Economics Activity
- · History and Civics Activity