





World History Intermediate

## **STANDARDS**

## PAGE REFERENCES

1. The study of world history requires an understanding of world cultures and civilizations, including an analysis of important ideas, social and cultural values, beliefs, and traditions. This study also examines the human condition and the connections and interactions of people across time and space and the ways different people view the same event or issue from a variety of perspectives.

Students: • know the social and economic	Student Edition:
characteristics, such as customs, traditions, child- rearing practices, ways of making a living, education and socialization practices, gender roles, foods, and religious and spiritual beliefs that distinguish different cultures and civilizations	33-38, 71-74, 105-110, 186-190, 223-226, 227- 230, 354-356, 388-390, 407-412, 429-432, 466- 467
	Analyzing Sources 85-90
	Check for Understanding 466
	Understanding Multiple Perspectives 39-44, 79-84
	Teacher Edition:
	ACA 229, 412, 466; CRC 41; ES 35; DA 429, 467; HT 88; HTS 36, 73, 86, 88, 89, 109, 189, 224; RS 80, 87, 88, 90, 106, 228, 410; SEL 230, 390, 411; SLS 40; WS 81, 90, 187, 411
<ul> <li>know some important historic events and</li> </ul>	Student Edition:
developments of past civilizations	37-38, 72-74, 105-110, 169-174, 193-195, 273,
	316-320, 321-326
	Analyzing Sources 289-294, 391-394, 443-446,
	447-452
	<i>Biography</i> 193, 317, 323
	Check for Understanding 38, 171, 195, 273
	Economics Connection 74
	Geography Connection 195, 322
	Lesson Activities 110, 174
	Making Connections to Today 178
	Take Informed Action 294
	Understanding Multiple Perspectives 121-126,
	163-168
	Teacher Edition:
	ACA 72, 326; HTS 73, 74, 169, 320, 447; MCT 273; RS 37, 105, 317, 318; SEL 444; WS 38, 174, 452

ated to significant developments and events in orld history.	<b>Student Edition:</b> Analyzing Sources 203-206, 207-210, 251-256, 283-288, 401-406, 469-474 Check for Understanding HT8 Historian's Toolkit HT7-HT8, HT12-HT13 Understanding Multiple Perspectives 40-44
orld history.	283-288, 401-406, 469-474 Check for Understanding HT8 Historian's Toolkit HT7-HT8, HT12-HT13
	Historian's Toolkit HT7-HT8, HT12-HT13
	Understanding Multiple Perspectives 40-44
	Teacher Edition:
	ACA 470; BI HT7; CRC 204; HTS 208, 401, 404; RS HT13, 205, 255; SLS 286, 406 WS 285, 288
culture and civilization, explaining how civilizations hievements and accomplishments of the world's e yptian, Indian, Chinese) ▲ analyze how the natur dus valleys shaped the early development of civiliz story) ▲ research an important event or development	ral environments of the Tigris-Euphrates, Nile, and zation (Taken from National Standards for World nent in world history and include information about he French Revolution as witnessed by members of the Estates General, and the Church) ▲ identify is throughout the world and analyze their varying
	ent periodizations, examining themes across time ant turning points in world history help organize the
udents: • develop timelines by placing	Student Edition:
portant events and developments in world	Check for Understanding HT10
story in their correct chronological order	Historian's Toolkit HT10
	Key Events of the Modern World 706
	Making Connections to Today 422, 764
	Reading Strategy 707
	Understanding Chronology 259, 344, 422, 496, 611
	Understanding the Time and Place 704-705
	AB 259, 611; AC 344, 422, 764; ACA HT10; HTS HT10
	Student Edition:
nturies, and millennia	Historian's Toolkit HT9-HT10
	Key Events of the Modern World 706
	Making Connections to Today 422, 764
	Reading Strategy 707
	Understanding Chronology 259, 344, 422, 496, 611
	Understanding the Time and Place 704-705
	Teacher Edition: AB 259, 611; AC 344, 422, 764; GC HT9; HTS HT9; RS HT9

STANDARDS	PAGE REFERENCES	
<ul> <li>study about major turning points in world history by investigating the causes and other factors that brought about change and the results of these changes.</li> </ul>	Student Edition: 562-563, 614-615, 652-653, 713 <i>Multiple Perspectives</i> 743-748 <i>Turning Point</i> 13-16, 301-304, 579-584 <b>Teacher Edition:</b> CRC 582; CT 583; ES 16, 582; GC 302; GS 303, 583; HTS 13, 14, 304, 563, 579, 713, 743, 748; RS 14, 652, 746; SEL 583, 614; WS 584, 745	
This is evident, for example, when students: ▲ construct multiple-tier timelines that display a number of important historic events that occurred at the same time or during the same period of time (e.g., age of exploration and contact showing events in Europe, Africa, and the Americas) ▲ present historical narratives that link together a series of events in the correct chronological order ▲ recognize the reasons for periodizing history and know some designations of historical periods; discuss the usefulness of the following historical periods: - The beginnings of Human Society - Early Civilizations to 1000 BC - Classical Traditions, Major Religions, and Giant Empires, 1000 BC-300 AD - Expanding Zones of Exchange and Encounter, 300-1000 AD - Intensified Hemispheric Interactions, 1000-1500 - Emergence of the First Global Age, 1450-1770 - The Age of Revolutions, 1750-1914 - The Twentieth Century. (Adapted from National Standards for World History)		
3. Study of the major social, political, cultural, and religious developments in world history involves learning about the important roles and contributions of individuals and groups.		
Students: • investigate the roles and contributions of individuals and groups in relation to key social, political, cultural, and religious practices throughout world history	Student Edition:         22, 188-189, 228-229, 243-244, 271-272, 358, 360, 547-548, 575-578, 585-590 <i>Turning Point</i> 14, 579-584 <i>Understanding Multiple Perspectives</i> 39-44, 80, 144-145 <b>Teacher Edition:</b> ACA 229, 578; CRC 272, 358; DA 272; ES 189, 229, 582; HTS 243, 272, 575, 588; MCT 590; RS 80, 576, 584, 587; SEL 272; WS 548, 575, 584         Inquiry Journal:         65-77, 153-154, 191-192	
<ul> <li>interpret and analyze documents and artifacts related to significant developments and events in world history</li> </ul>	Student Edition:         Analyzing Sources 203-206, 207-210, 251-256, 283-288, 401-406, 469-474         Check for Understanding HT8         Historian's Toolkit HT7-HT8, HT12-HT13         Understanding Multiple Perspectives 40-44         Teacher Edition:         ACA 470; BI HT7; CRC 204; HTS 208, 401, 404; RS HT13, 205, 255; SLS 286, 406 WS 285, 288         Inquiry Journal:         25-26, 165-166, 167-168, 185-186, 207-208, 247-248, 267-268, 311-312, 333-334, 347-348, 349-350	

STANDARDS	PAGE REFERENCES	
<ul> <li>classify historic information according to the type of activity or practice: social/cultural, political, economic, geographic, scientific, technological, and historic.</li> </ul>	Student Edition: <i>Historian's Toolkit</i> HT5-HT10, HT17-HT22, HT23- HT26, HT27-HT32 <b>Teacher Edition:</b> BI HT9; ES HT24; HTS HT23, HT26; RS HT6, HT7, HT25, HT28	
This is evident, for example, when students: ▲ read historic narratives, biographies, literature, diaries, and letters to learn about the important accomplishments and roles played by individuals and groups throughout world history ▲ explain some of the following practices as found in particular civilizations and cultures throughout world history: social customs, child-rearing practices, government, ways of making a living and distributing goods and services, language and literature, education and socialization practices, values and traditions, gender roles, foods, and religious/spiritual beliefs and practices ▲ develop a map of Europe, the Mediterranean world, India, South and Southeast Asia, and China to show the extent of the spread of Buddhism, Christianity, Hinduism, and Confucianism; explain how the spread of these religions changed the lives of people living in these areas of the world (Adapted from National Standards for World History) ▲ write diary accounts, journal entries, letters, or news accounts from the point of view of a young person living during a particular time period in world history, focusing on an important historic, political, economic, or religious event or accomplishment ▲ study the historical writings of important figures in world history to learn about their goals, motivations, intentions, influences, and strengths and weaknesses.		
	pothesize about why interpretations change over vidence, and understand the concepts of change	
Students: • explain the literal meaning of a historical passage or primary source document, identifying who was involved, what happened, where it happened, what events led up to these developments, and what consequences or outcomes followed (Taken from National Standards for World History)	Student Edition:           Analyzing Sources 51-54, 85-90, 149-152,           203-206,207-210, 237-240,251-256, 283-288,           289-294, 331-336, 363-368, 391-393, 401-406,           443-446, 447-452, 513-518, 641-646           Historian's Toolkit HT12-HT16           Multiple Perspectives 635-640, 675-680, 731-736,           743-748           Understanding Multiple Perspectives 121-126,           143-148, 163-168           Teacher Edition:           HT 88; HTS HT12, HT14, HT15, 123, 152, 206,           393, 403, 404, 639; RS 146, 205, 239, 517; SEL           393; WS 206	

STANDARDS	PAGE REFERENCES
<ul> <li>analyze different interpretations of important events and themes in world history and explain the various frames of reference expressed by different historians</li> </ul>	Student Edition:         Analyzing Sources 51-54, 85-90, 149-152,         203-206, 207-210, 237-240,251-256, 283-288,         289-294, 331-336, 363-368, 391-393, 401-406,         443-446, 447-452, 513-518, 641-646         Historian's Toolkit HT12-HT16         Multiple Perspectives 635-640, 675-680         Understanding Multiple Perspectives 121-126,         143-148, 163-168         Teacher Edition:         HT 88; HTS HT12, HT15, 123, 152, 206, 393,         403, 404, 639; RS 146, 205, 239, 517; SEL 393;         WS 206
• view history through the eyes of those who witnessed key events and developments in world history by analyzing their literature, diary accounts, letters, artifacts, art, music, architectural drawings, and other documents	Student Edition:           Analyzing Sources 51-54, 85-90, 149-152,           203-206, 207-210 237-240,251-256, 283-288,           289-294, 331-336, 363-368391-393, 401-406,           443-446, 447-452, 513-518, 641-646           Historian's Toolkit HT12-HT16           Multiple Perspectives 635-640, 675-680, 685-687,           743-745           Understanding Multiple Perspectives 121-126,           143-148, 163-168           Teacher Edition:           HT88; HTS HT12, HT14, HT15, 123, 152, 206,           393, 403, 404, 639, 685; RS 146, 205, 239, 517,           744; SEL 393; WS 206, 687, 745

STANDARDS	PAGE REFERENCES
• investigate important events and developments in world history by posing analytical questions, selecting relevant data, distinguishing fact from opinion, hypothesizing cause-and-effect relationships, testing these hypotheses, and forming conclusions.	Student Edition:         34-35, 70-71, 230, 242, 328-330, 379, 468,         549-550, 657-662         Analyzing Sources 149, 207, 289, 401         Check for Understanding 35, 71, 230, 242, 330,         380, 468, 550, 660, 662         Guiding Question 111, 159, 221, 277, 487         Historian's Toolkit HT12-HT16         Multiple Perspectives 743-748         Turning Point 301, 579         Understanding Perspectives 39, 79, 121, 143, 163         Teacher Edition:         E 111; ELS 159; GS 121,143; HTS 39, 79, 121, 143, 143, 149, 13, 207, 277, 289, 301, 401, 743, 748

This is evident, for example, when students: ▲ examine documents related to significant developments in world history (e.g., excerpts from sacred texts of the world's great religions, important political statements or decrees, literary works, and historians' commentaries); employ the skills of historical analysis and interpretation in probing the meaning and importance of the documents by: identifying authors and sources for the historical documents - comparing and contrasting differing sets of ideals and values contained in each historical document - considering multiple perspectives presented in the documents - evaluating major debates among historians about the meaning of each historical document - hypothesizing about the influence of each document on present-day activities and debates in the international arena. (Adapted from National Standards in World History) A study about an event or development in world history (e.g., the early civilizations, the age of exchange and global expansion, the industrial revolution, political and social revolutions, imperialism and colonization, case studies of genocide and human rights violations, world wars) by analyzing accounts written by eyewitnesses to the event or development; compare the eyewitness accounts with reports and narratives written by historians after the event or development **A** trace the impacts of different technological innovations and advances (e.g., in transportation and communication, agriculture, health and science, commerce and industry) over time by analyzing the effects of technology on the lives of people.

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