NEW MEXICO
Public Education Department

F.1 - Grade 1 Math

PUBLISHER/PROVIDER MATERIAL INFORMATION (TO BE COMPLETED BY PUBLISHER/PROVIDER)			
Publisher/Provider Name/Imprint:	McGraw Hill LLC	Grade(s):	1
Title of Student Edition:	Reveal Math, Grade 1, MH Student Bundle with ALEKS Adventure, 6-years	Student Edition ISBN:	9781265821845
Title of Teacher Edition:	Reveal Math, Grade 1, Teacher Resource Package, 1-year	Teacher Edition ISBN:	9781264389193
Title of SE Workbook:		SE Workbook ISBN:	

PUBLISHER/PROVIDER CITATION VIDEO: Reviewer must view video before starting the review of this set of materials.			
Citation Video Link:	https://www.brainshark.com/1/player/mcgraw-hillseg?pi=zHbzymQE9zlCYQz0&r3f1=&fb=0		
Citation video certification:	I certify that I have viewed the citation video for this specific publisher and set of materials.		
Digital Material Log In: (Include ONLY if submitting digital materials as part of the review set listed above.)	Website: my.mheducation.com	Username: NMk5Math25	Password: NMdemo25!

Section 1: Standards Review -- Math Content Standards									
PUBLISHER/PROVIDER INSTRUCTIONS:									
Criteria #	**Standard**	**F.1 Grade 1 Math Standards Review**	Publisher/Provider Citation from Teacher Edition	Score	**If Scored D:** Reviewer's Evidence for Publisher Citation	Reviewer Citation from Student Edition/Workbook	Score	**Required:** Reviewer's Evidence	Comments, other citations, notes
DOMAIN: 1.OA - Operations and Algebraic Thinking									
Cluster:	**Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.**								
1	**1.OA.1**	Use addition and subtraction within 20 to solve word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.	Volume 2 pp 004, 4A, 5 Volume 2 pp 012, 12A, 13 Volume 2 pp 038, 38A, 39 Volume 2 pp 046, 46A, 47 Volume 2 pp 132, 132A, 133						
2	**1.OA.2**	Solve word problems that call for addition of three whole numbers whose sum is less than or equal to 20, e.g., by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.	Volume 2 pp 136, 136A, 137						
Cluster:	**Understand and apply properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction.**								
3	**1.OA.3**	Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract. *Examples: If 8 + 3 = 11 is known, then 3 + 8 = 11 is also known. (Commutative property of addition.) To add 2 + 6 + 4, the second two numbers can be added to make a ten, so 2 + 6 + 4 = 2 + 10 = 12. (Associative property of addition.)*	Volume 1 pp 136, 136A, 137						
4	**1.OA.4**	Understand subtraction as an unknown-addend problem. *For example, subtract 10 – 8 by finding the number that makes 10 when added to 8.*	Volume 1 pp 180, 180A, 181 New Mexico Connections: Grade 1, p. 17 (digital asset clickpath: Login to MHE OLP > Grade 1 > Browse this course > Program Resources: Course Materials > Planning Resources)						
Cluster:	**Add and subtract within 20.**								
5	**1.OA.5**	Relate counting to addition and subtraction (e.g., by counting on 2 to add 2).	Volume 1 pp 106, 106A, 107 Volume 1 pp 160, 160A, 161						
6	**1.OA.6**	Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10. Use strategies such as counting on; making ten (e.g., 8 + 6 = 8 + 2 + 4 = 10 + 4 = 14); decomposing a number leading to a ten (e.g., 13 – 4 = 13 – 3 – 1 = 10 – 1 = 9); using the relationship between addition and subtraction (e.g., knowing that 8 + 4 = 12, one knows 12 – 8 = 4); and creating equivalent but easier or known sums (e.g., adding 6 + 7 by creating the known equivalent 6 + 6 = 12 + 1 = 13).	Volume 1 pp 110 Volume 1 pp 114 Volume 1 pp 118 Volume 1 pp 122 Volume 1 pp 164 Volume 1 pp 168 Volume 1 pp 172 Volume 1 pp 176 Volume 1 pp 186						
Cluster:	**Work with addition and subtraction equations.**								
7	**1.OA.7**	Understand the meaning of the equal sign, and determine if equations involving addition and subtraction are true or false. *For example, which of the following equations are true and which are false? 6 = 6, 7 = 8 – 1, 5 + 2 = 2 + 5, 4 + 1 = 5 + 2.*	Volume 1 pp 144, 144A, 145 Volume 1 pp 148, 148A, 149 Volume 1 pp 194, 194A, 195						
8	**1.OA.8**	Determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation relating three whole numbers. *For example, determine the unknown number that makes the equation true in each of the equations 8 +? = 11, 5 =? – 3, 6 + 6 = ?.*	Volume 1 pp 140, 140A, 141 Volume 1 pp 190, 190A, 191						
DOMAIN: 1.NBT - Number and Operations in Base Ten									
Cluster:	**Extend the counting sequence.**								
9	**1.NBT.1**	Count to 120, starting at any number less than 120. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.	Volume 1 pp 38, 38A, 39 Volume 1 pp 52, 52A, 53						
Cluster:	**Understand place value.**								
10	**1.NBT.2**	Understand that the two digits of a two-digit number represent amounts of tens and ones. Understand the following as special cases:	Volume 1 pp 74, 74A, 75 Volume 1 pp 82, 82A, 86						
11	**1.NBT.2.a**	10 can be thought of as a bundle of ten ones — called a “ten.”	Volume 1 pp 70, 70A, 71						

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12	**1.NBT.2.b**	The numbers from 11 to 19 are composed of a ten and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine ones.	Volume 1 pp 64, 64A, 65						
13	**1.NBT.2.c**	The numbers 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine tens (and 0 ones).	Volume 1 pp 78, 78A, 79						
14	**1.NBT.3**	Compare two two-digit numbers based on meanings of the tens and ones digits, recording the results of comparisons with the symbols >, =, and <.	Volume 1 pp 94, 94A, 95						
Cluster:	**Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.**								
15	**1.NBT.4**	Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.	Volume 2 pp 82 Volume 2 pp 86 Volume 2 pp 90 Volume 2 pp 94 Volume 2 pp 98 Volume 2 pp 102 Volume 2 pp 106						
16	**1.NBT.5**	Given a two-digit number, mentally find 10 more or 10 less than the number, without having to count; explain the reasoning used.	Volume 2 pp 76, 76A, 77 Volume 2 pp 144, 144A, 145						
17	**1.NBT.6**	Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 (positive or zero differences), using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.	Volume 2 pp 148, 148A, 149 Volume 2 pp 152, 152A, 153 Volume 2 pp 156, 156A, 157 Volume 2 pp 162, 162A, 163						
DOMAIN: 1.MD - Measurement and Data									
Cluster:	**Measure lengths indirectly and by iterating length units.**								
18	**1.MD.1**	Order three objects by length; compare the lengths of two objects indirectly by using a third object.	Volume 2 pp 174, 174A, 175						
19	**1.MD.2**	Express the length of an object as a whole number of length units, by laying multiple copies of a shorter object (the length unit) end to end; understand that the length measurement of an object is the number of same-size length units that span it with no gaps or overlaps. *Limit to contexts where the object being measured is spanned by a whole number of length units with no gaps or overlaps.*	Volume 2 pp 182, 182A, 183						
Cluster:	**Tell and write time.**								
20	**1.MD.3**	Tell and write time in hours and half-hours using analog and digital clocks.	Volume 2 pp 192, 192A, 193 Volume 2 pp 196, 196A, 197						
Cluster:	**Represent and interpret data.**								
21	**1.MD.4**	Organize, represent, and interpret data with up to three categories; ask and answer questions about the total number of data points, how many in each category, and how many more or less are in one category than in another.	Volume 2 pp 200, 200A, 201 Volume 2 pp 204, 204A, 205 Volume 2 pp 208, 208A, 209 Volume 2 pp 212, 212A, 213						
DOMAIN: 1.G - Geometry									
Cluster:	**Reason with shapes and their attributes.**								
22	**1.G.1**	Distinguish between defining attributes (e.g., triangles are closed and three-sided) versus non-defining attributes (e.g., color, orientation, overall size); build and draw shapes to possess defining attributes.	Volume 1 pp 206, 206A, 207 Volume 1 pp 210, 210A, 211						
23	**1.G.2**	Compose two-dimensional shapes (rectangles, squares, trapezoids, triangles, half-circles, and quarter-circles) or three-dimensional shapes (cubes, right rectangular prisms, right circular cones, and right circular cylinders) to create a composite shape, and compose new shapes from the composite shape.	Volume 1 pp 224, 224A, 225 Volume 1 pp 232, 232A, 233						

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24	**1.G.3**	Partition circles and rectangles into two and four equal shares, describe the shares using the words *halves, fourths, and quarters,* and use the phrases *half of, fourth of,* and *quarter of.* Describe the whole as two of, or four of the shares. Understand for these examples that decomposing into more equal shares creates smaller shares.	Volume 2 pp 242, 242A, 243						

Standards for Mathematical Practice (SMPs)		Reviewer Tracking--Occurrences of SMPs within Materials:			
		First fourth of the materials	materials	Third fourth of the materials	Final Fourth of the materials
1	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.				
2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.				
3	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.				
4	Model with mathematics.				
5	Use appropriate tools strategically.				
6	Attend to precision.				
7	Look for and make use of structure.				
8	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.				

Section 2: Math Content Review

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Criteria #	Grades K-12 Math Content Criteria	Score	Required: Reviewer's Evidence from Material *Include where you found the evidence in the material and what evidence you found that supports your score.*	Comments, citations, notes
FOCUS AREA 1: RIGOR AND MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES **Materials support student mastery through a grade-appropriate balance of rigor: conceptual understanding, procedural fluency, and application. Materials meaningfully connect the Content Standards (CCSS) with the Standards for Mathematical Practice (SMPs).**				
1	***Conceptual Understanding:*** Materials support the intentional development of students' conceptual understanding of key mathematical concepts.			
2	***Procedural Skill and Fluency:*** Materials support intentional opportunities for students to develop procedural skills and fluencies in alignment with what is called for in the grade-level standards.			
3	***Application:*** Materials support students' ability to leverage mathematical skills, concepts, representations, and strategies across a range of contexts, (including applying learning to real-world situations and new contexts).			
4	***Balance of Rigor:*** *With equitable intensity* The three aspects of rigor are not always treated together and are not always treated separately. The three aspects are balanced with respect to the standards being addressed in each grade level.			
5	***SMPs 1 and 6*** Materials support the intentional development of making sense of problems and attending to precision as required by the mathematical practice standards 1 and 6.			
6	***SMPs 2 and 3*** Materials support the intentional development of reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, along with developing viable arguments and critiquing the reasoning of others, in connection to the content standards, as required by the practice standards 2 and 3.			
7	***SMPs 4 and 5*** Materials support the intentional development of modeling and using tools, in connection to the content standards, as required by the mathematical practice standards 4 and 5.			
8	***SMPs 7 and 8*** Materials support the intentional development of seeing structure and generalizing, in connection to the content standards, as required by the mathematical practice standards 7 and 8.			
FOCUS AREA 2: STUDENT CENTERED INSTRUCTION **Materials contain embedded resources (routines, strategies, and pedagogical suggestions) to support all students in developing a positive mathematical identity, cultivating self-efficacy, and seeing themselves as a contributor to the math community.**				
9	Materials provide students with opportunities to develop self-efficacy and a positive mathematical identity through opportunities to engage in grade-level tasks using various sharing strategies and approaches.			
10	Materials provide opportunities for students to see themselves as contributors to the math community.			
FOCUS AREA 3: INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORTS FOR ALL STAKEHOLDERS **Materials provide guidance and resources to support educators in internalizing the mathematical content and providing responsive and differentiated instruction to all students. Materials contain helpful resources to support implementation and instruction (e.g. materials for leaders, teachers, students, families/ caregivers, etc).**				

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Criteria #	Grades K-12 Math Content Criteria	Score	Required: Reviewer's Evidence from Material *Include where you found the evidence in the material and what evidence you found that supports your score.*	Comments, citations, notes
11	Teacher materials contain full, adult-level explanations and examples of the mathematics concepts within lessons so teachers can improve their own knowledge of the subject. Materials are in print or clearly distinguished/accessible as a teacher's edition in digital materials.			
12	The materials provide guidance for unit/lesson preparation to support use of the materials as intended and to further develop the teachers' own understanding of the mathematical approach.			
13	Teacher materials provide insight into students' ways of thinking with respect to important mathematical concepts, especially anticipating a variety of student responses.			
14	Materials contain strategies for informing parents or caregivers about the mathematics program and suggestions for how they can help support student progress and achievement.			

Section 2: All Content Review

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Criteria #	All Content Criteria Review	Score	**Required:** Reviewer's Evidence from Material *Include where you found the evidence in the material and what evidence you found that supports your score.*	Comments, citations, notes
FOCUS AREA 1: COHERENCE **Instructional materials are coherent and consistent with the New Mexico Content Standards that all students should study in order to be college- and career-ready.**				
1	Instructional materials address the full content contained in the standards for all students by grade level.			
2	Instructional materials support students to show mastery of each standard.			
3	Instructional materials require students to engage at a level of maturity appropriate to the grade level under review.			
4	Instructional materials are coherent, making meaningful connections for students by linking the standards within a lesson and unit.			
FOCUS AREA 2: WELL-DESIGNED LESSONS **Instructional materials take into account effective lesson structure and pacing.**				
5	The Teacher Edition presents learning progressions to provide an overview of the scope and sequence of skills and concepts. The design of the assignments shows a purposeful sequencing of teaching and learning expectations.			
6	Within each lesson of the instructional materials, there are clear, measurable, standards-aligned content objectives.			
7	Within each lesson of the instructional materials, there are clear, measurable language objectives tied directly to the content objectives.			
8	Instructional materials provide focused resources to support students' acquisition of both general academic vocabulary and content-specific vocabulary.			
9	The visual design of the instructional materials (whether in print or digital) maintains a consistent layout that supports student engagement with the subject.			
10	Instructional materials incorporate features that aid students and teachers in making meaning of the text.			
11	Instructional materials provide students with ongoing review and practice for the purpose of retaining previously acquired knowledge.			
FOCUS AREA 3: RESOURCES FOR PLANNING **Instructional materials provide teacher resources to support planning, learning, and understanding of the New Mexico Content Standards.**				
12	Instructional materials provide a list of lessons in the Teacher Edition (in print or clearly distinguished/ accessible as a teacher's edition in digital materials), cross-referencing the standards addressed and providing an estimated instructional time for each lesson, chapter, and unit.			
13	Instructional materials support teachers with instructional strategies to help guide students' academic development.			
14	Instructional materials include a teacher edition/ teacher-facing material with useful annotations and suggestions on how to present the content in the student edition/student-facing material and in the supporting material.			
15	Instructional materials integrate opportunities for digital learning, including interactive digital components.			
FOCUS AREA 4: ASSESSMENT **Instructional materials offer teachers a variety of assessment resources and tools to collect ongoing data about student progress related to the standards.**				
16	Instructional materials provide a variety of assessments that measure student progress in all strands of the standards for the content under review. *(Adopted New Mexico Content Standards for 2025: CCSS for Mathematics.)*			
17	Instructional materials provide multiple formative and summative assessments, clearly defining which standards are being assessed through content and language objectives.			

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18	Instructional materials provide scoring guides for assessments that are aligned with the standards they address, and that offer teachers guidance in interpreting student performance and suggestions for further instruction, differentiation, and/or acceleration.			
19	Instructional materials provide appropriate assessment alternatives for English Learners, Culturally and Linguistically Diverse students, advanced students, and special needs students.			
20	Instructional materials include opportunities to assess student understanding and knowledge of the standards using technology.			
FOCUS AREA 5: EXTENSIVE SUPPORT **Instructional materials give all students extensive opportunities and support to explore key concepts.**				
21	Instructional materials can be customized or adapted to meet the needs of different student populations.			
22	Instructional materials provide differentiated strategies and/or activities to meet the needs of students working below proficiency and those of advanced learners.			
23	Instructional materials provide appropriate linguistic support for English Learners and Culturally and Linguistically Diverse students, and accommodations and modifications for other special populations that will support their regular and active participation in learning content.			
24	Instructional materials provide strategies and resources for teachers to inform and engage parents, family members, and caregivers of all learners about the program and provide suggestions for how they can help support student progress and achievement.			
25	Instructional materials include opportunities for all students that encourage and support critical and creative thinking, inquiry, and complex problem-solving skills.			
FOCUS AREA 6: CULTURAL AND LINGUISTIC PERSPECTIVES **Instructional materials represent a variety of cultural and linguistic perspectives.**				
26	Instructional materials inform culturally and linguistically responsive pedagogy by affirming students' backgrounds in the materials themselves and in the student discussions.			
27	Instructional materials provide a collection of images, stories, and information, representing a broad range of demographic groups, and do not make generalizations or reinforce stereotypes.			
28	Instructional materials provide context, illustrations, and activities for students to make interdisciplinary connections and/or connections to real-life experiences and diverse cultural and linguistic backgrounds.			
FOCUS AREA 7: INCLUSION OF CULTURALLY AND LINGUISTICALLY RESPONSIVE LENS **Instructional materials highlight diversity in culture and language through multiple perspectives.**				
29	Instructional materials include tools and resources to relate the content area appropriately to diversity in culture and language.			
30	Instructional materials include tools and resources that demonstrate multiple perspectives in a specific concept.			
31	Instructional materials engage students in critical reflection about their own lives and societies, including cultures past and present in New Mexico.			
32	Instructional materials address multiple ethnic descriptions, interpretations, or perspectives of events and experiences.			